OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 28 NO. 17 | PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON. FRIDAY APRIL 26 1912 | $1.00 THE YEAR

Girls, our New Line of

Silk Hose in all Colors

and

Long Evening Gloves

in both Kid and Silk have just arrived.

We also take pleasure in announcing our complete line of

White and Delicate Colored Fabrics

for evening and afternoon gowns and faucy waists of all kinds

Ready Made Underwear

including all the latest patterns is now on display.

A shipment of

Long Coats for Spring and Summer

wear just received, with a number of New Spring Suits.

The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

The Leader Department Store

The Largest Stock of

CHILDREN'S SHOES

ever placed placed on

SPECIAL SALE

We have never had such prices. They are on Sale at Factory Prices with

NO FREIGHT ADDED

READ

75c shoes reduced to.....	40c
85c shoes reduced to.....	50c
90c shoes reduced to.....	55c
$1.00 shoes reduced to.....	65c
1.25 shoes reduced to.....	70c
1.35 shoes reduced to.....	80c
1.40 shoes reduced to.....	90c
1.50 shoes reduced to.....	$1.00
1.75 shoes reduced to.....	1.15
2.00 shoes reduced to.....	1.25
2.35 shoes reduced to.....	1.60
2.65 shoes reduced to.....	1.70
2.75 shoes reduced to.....	1.85
3.00 shoes reduced to.....	2.00

Investigate this offer, take advantage of it and save your money.

THE LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

BOSS RULE HAS HAD ITS DAY

Attend County Primaries Tomorrow and Participate in Choice of a Candidate for President.

Republicans throughout the county should not fail to attend the primaries tomorrow, Saturday, April 27th. The primaries are being held for the sole purpose of giving Republican voters of Clallam county an opportunity of expressing their preference of candidates for president. So far, there are four candidates of the party in the field, President Taft, Theodore Roosevelt, Senator LaFollette, and Senator Cummins. It is expected that the will of the people as expressed at these primaries will govern the action of the coming Republican county convention, and that delegates selected to represent the county at the State convention at Aberdeen will act in accordance with the will of the people of Clallam county as expressed. Should President Taft be the favorite candidate for a majority of the people, Republican voters at these primaries, then a Taft delegation should represent the county at the State Convention. On the other hand, should a majority favor Roosevelt, then a solid delegation instructed for Roosevelt should represent Clallam at the State Convention. Could anything be fairer? Every Republican who objects to this free expression of opinion by the voters, the rank and file of the party, and who objects to the carrying of the will of the voters into effect, must do so solely from sinister motives.

Up to date, Republican primaries have been held in the states of North Dakota, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Oregon, Nebraska. Pennsylvania, Illinois, Nebraska, and Oregon have been carried overwhelmingly for Theodore Roosevelt, and Roosevelt delegates will be sent from these states to the Repubilcan convention at Chicago. North Dakota and Wisconsin have voted in favor of LaFollette. Wherever the people have had an opportunity of expressing by primaries their choice of a man for president, they have selected a progressive —either Roosevelt or LaFollette. The progressive vote in each of these states has been divided between Roosevelt and LaFollette; still the progressives have carried each of them as against the standpatters. In Nebraska last Friday, Col. Theodore Roosevelt carried the presidential preference primary election in every district of the state, Senator Robert M. LaFollette running ahead of President Taft, with Roosevelt polling more votes than both of the other candidates combined. In Oregon Roosevelt carried two-thirds of the counties of the state. LaFollette carried Multnomah county in which is Portland and where one-fourth of the voters of the state reside. Taft ran a poor third, carrying but ten of the 34 counties of the state.

These facts tell their own story. The candidacy of Theodore Roosevelt is to be a factor to be counted with in the Republican National Convention in June. The day has now passed when the candidacy of a progressive is to be made light of and held up in derision by the standpatters. Let the best man win in the Clallam county primaries. Upon this test alone can Republicans hope to elect the next president. Boss rule has had its day.

Robert Hodge, candidate for governor will visit Port Angeles, April 30th and Sequim May 1st. He will set forth his ideas on the proper conduct of state affairs at a meeting in the Commercial Club room in the evening.

What We Face Today
Big Business vs. People

The Issue Between Those Who Stand for Government Conducted By and in the Interest of Political Machines and Big Business, and Those Who Stand for Government By the People is Clearer than Ever Before.

No thoughtful man can see the widespread discontent in this country without feeling alarm. No thoughtful man can fail to realize the danger in allowing our government to be controlled by and for the benefit of a small but powerful political and industrial class. We cannot hope for industrial well-being while industrial injustice and inequality of opportunity exist to the extent which they exist today.

As Theodore Roosevelt, in a recent speech, has well said, "The great fundamental issue now before the republican party and before our people can be stated very briefly. It is, ARE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE FIT TO GOVERN THEMSELVES, to rule themselves, to control themselves? I believe they are. My opponents do not. I believe in the right of the people to rule. I believe that the majority of the plain people in the United States will, do, day in and day out, make fewer mistakes in governing themselves than any similar class or body of men, no matter what their training, will make in trying to govern them. I believe again that the American people as a whole, are capable of self control and of learning by their mistakes. Our opponents pay lip loyality to this doctrine, but they show their real beliefs by the way in which they champion every device to make the nominal rule of the people a sham.

I have scant patience with this talk of the tyrants of the majority. Whenever there is tyranny of the majority I shall protest against it with all my heart and soul. But we are today suffering from the tyranny of the minorities. It is a small minority that is grabbing our coal deposits, our water powers and our harbor fronts. A small minortiy is fattening on the sale of adulterated foods and drugs. It is a small minority that lies behind monopolies and trusts. It is a small minority that stands behind the present law of master and servant, the sweat shops and the whole calendar of social and industrial injustice. It is a small minority that is today using our convention system to defeat the will of a majority of the people in the choice of delegates to the Chicago convention."

To restore government FOR the people the power of government must be replaced in the people's hands. To carry out this purpose, Mr. Roosevelt favors the initiative and referendum and the recall. He also favors the review by the people of State (not Federal) Supreme Court decisions in which the court declares unconstitutional acts passed by the legislature providing for the public welfare, such as employers' liability acts, limiting the hours of labor in factories, etc. He believes that in states where the judges are hopelessly under the influence of political rings or railroads, the recall would act as a healthy check and a weapon in case of real need. To quote his own statement, "But — I say it soberly— democracy has a right to approach the sanctuary of the courts when Special Interest has corruptly found sanctuary, and this is exactly what has happened in some of the states where the recall of judges is a living issue. Is it not equally plain that the question whether a given social policy is for the public good, is not of a judicial nature, but should be settled by the legislature, or in the final instance, by the people themselves?" It is this belief of Roosevelt's, that the people and not the trusts should rule the courts, that has caused the capitalistic press and their country satellites to throw fits over Roosevelt's candidacy. Do you see anything treasonable in it?

SCHOOL BOARD IS HUSTLING PLANS

Work on Site Will Be Commenced in About Ten Days. Many Applications for Bonds.

The School Board has been hard at work rearranging the plans submitted for the new school building to suit the requirements here. At a special meeting Monday night, these plans were thoroughly gone over and forwarded next day to Contractor Wilson of the Lewis-Wilson Co., together with specimens of our sand and gravel to be tested for concrete. The deeds to the newly acquired school grounds are now on the way from the former owners in the East, and clearing of lots will begin in about ten days. The School Board has already had about fifty applications for the purchase of the bonds, which shows the good standing of the district. Mr. Stakemiller says, judging from the many other communications he has received relative to the new school building, it is well known all over the state that Angeles is to have this splendid addition to the town.

Seventy-two dead, nearly two thousand injured, and more than a hundred families homeless and destitute, is the story of the cyclone that swept over southern Illinois and Indiana last Sunday. Great disasters are coming thick and fast.

MILWAUKEE OFFICIALS COMING TO COAST

Rumored They Will Personally Look Into Prospective Business in the Straits Country.

C. W. Harkness, a director of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, is a guest at the Washington, says the P.-I. He comes to Seattle on a pleasure trip. President H. R. Williams, of the Milwaukee, will leave with him for the East this, Thursday, morning, when Mr. Williams will meet President A. J. Earling and party, on their way to this city.

It is rumored that President Earling will make a personal investigation of the Olympic country, where the Milwaukee Land Company has extensive timber holdings, visiting Lake Crescent and the Hot Springs, in order that he may learn at first hand of the business prospects of the Seattle, Port Angeles & Lake Crescent railway.

The city of Alameda, Cal., is about to employ an unique plan to raise the standard of cleanliness in residences and business houses. In future the sanitary condition of the various premises is to be shown by placards bearing the inscriptions "clean" "dirty," or "filthy." Those places which do not satisfy the Board of Health will be placarded as dirty or filthy until they comply with the demands of the authorities.

HAY'S ACTION CONDEMNED

Direct Primary, Initiative, Referendum, and Recall Endorsed by Progressive Republicans.

The Progressive Republicans, at a meeting held in the Commercial Club Monday night, which was largely attended, endorsed the Primary plan of selecting delegates to the County Convention, believing in this mode of selecting delegates rather than that by a few politicians who do not consult the voters.

The general plans of the primaries to be held on Saturday night, April 27th, between the hours of 7 and 9 p. m. in the city, and from 2 to 5 in the country, for the purpose of getting expression as to who the people desire as President were discussed at length, the following resolution then being adopted:

"It appearing that the one great issue of today is, whether the representatives of the Special Interest and Political Machines that are behind monopoly, or the PEOPLE shall rule.

And, believing in the integrity of the people and their fitness to govern themselves,

Be it resolved, That we, Progressive Republicans of Clallam County here assembled, do indorse the policies of Theodore Roosevelt and Robert M. LaFollette as being the only true representatives and advocates of the people.

Further, that we endorse the initiative, referendum and recall, including the Judicial and recall of Judicial decisions, where it effects the constitution.

We further endorse the direct primary, which gives all the people a voice in the nomination, being a check on Special Interests.

We further condemn the action of Governor Hay in refusing to call the legislature together to give the people in this state a direct Presidential Preferential Primary, which would have strengthened the Republican party and made it more cohesive."

It was resolved to place Roosevelt or LaFollette delegates in each precinct throughout the city, advising county supporters to do the same.

G. V. Smith, Chairman.
J. M. Davis, Secretary.

WHERE TO VOTE.

Polling places same as usual, with exception of the Fifth Ward, which will be across the street from the former place.

GIANT WIRELESS FOR TATOOSH

Tatoosh Island, at the northwestern corner of Clallam county, is to have the most powerful wireless station on the Pacific Coast.

Navy men believe that with the enlarging of the capacity of the Tatoosh plant, a physical obstacle which prevents effective communication between the Navy Yard on the Tatoosh stations will be removed. The Olympic mountains intervening have thus far proved a barrier, though both stations are able to "talk" with Alaska points with ease and frequently get in communication with Southern California points. The work cannot be started until appropriations are available after July 1st.

Club women will be interested in knowing that Mrs. McCreadie of Sunnyside, president of the Women's State Federation of Clubs, has been appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Gov. Hay. Mrs. McCreadie has the honor of being the first woman ever appointed on this board.

THE

OLYMPIC = LEADER

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FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1912

DEMOCRATS UNANIMOUS FOR TAFT

Had you noticed how unanimous the Democrats are for Mr. Taft? You have not read a Democratic paper since Mr. Roosevelt cast his hat in the ring that has not "whooped it up" for Taft and became hysterical over its denunciation of Roosevelt. The Democratic press of the country are attempting to name the Republican candidate for president. The New York World, disposed to support democracy under most circumstances, says "we have no exalted opinion of the advice the Illinois Republicans gave to their party."

Why? Because the Democrats know they can beat Mr. Taft in the election if he is nominated and know they cannot beat Mr. Roosevelt. Every Democrat everywhere knows Roosevelt would be elected. This is why the democratic newspapers and the democratic politicians are breaking their necks to keep Roosevelt from getting the nomination—good business on their part.

Suppose Roosevelt would prove a weak candidate if nominated. Would the Democrats oppose his nomination as they are now doing? Most certainly not. To beat Roosevelt in the nomination means to every Democrat that the Democratic party will win at the polls in November. These are plain facts that you cannot get away from. Think it over for yourself.

The following from the Puyallup Herald so nearly expresses the views of the publishers of this paper that we give it our readers for what it is worth:

"We do not propose to get excited over this political campaign. We do not propose to allow it to destroy our good opinion of some of the leading and best men in the political life of the day. We shall continue to believe that Mr. Taft, for instance, is a thoroughly sincere and good man, even though he may not have quite so warmly at heart as he should have the welfare of him who does the grinding labor of the world. We believe in Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. LaFollette, and we heartily endorse their policies. And our republicanism is none the less virile because we can honestly say that we believe Mr. Bryan and Mr. Woodrow Wilson, for example, are men of great intelligence, and positive patriotism."

There has been a great howl made in some quarters for fear the Democrats would attempt to run the Republican primaries tomorrow. Just as though there were no honest Democrats in Clallam county. This howl, however, has not disturbed the progressive Republicans in the least. They were fully aware that the Democrats are to have a convention to their own liking this year. Some of these same men—Second ward reactionaries—who howled the loudest and were so solicitous about the welfare of the primaries, were present at the progressive meeting Monday night—a meeting called by progressives for progressives. It was the same old story, howling about others and then attempting to run the meeting to suit themselves. But was it manly? Was it honorable?

The suggestion, by a malcontent, of the placing of Senator Cummins' name on the primary ballots of Clallam county (and complied with by the central committee merely for policy sake) was a piece of small political trickery. But it will avail nothing. It is hardly possible that there is a voter in Clallam county who would care to throw his vote away in this manner at this time. Senator Cummins' candidacy is not being seriously considered today outside the State of Iowa.

WILL GAG RULE BE ENFORCED?

Aberdeen is preparing to entertain the delegates to the Republican state convention. A mass meeting of business men of that city was held last Saturday when preliminary arrangements looking to that end were made. The Aberdeen World says "this meeting developed the fact that the convention would probably be one of the most notable in the political history of the state, and that with contesting delegations from King county, the largest in the state, there was likelihood that a split would take place in the convention, and that two conventions might be held, one of which would send instructed delegates to Chicago for Taft, and the other for Roosevelt. This, it was stated, would hinge largely on the strength the Roosevelt forces in the state might be able to muster. Should the Roosevelt sentiment be confined to King and Spokane counties, it is not thought likely that any attempt will be made by the Colonel's followers to split the convention or hold a rump session."

But why the Roosevelt followers in the state should be accused at this early date of planning a split in the convention passes comprehension. The suggestion must be father to the thought. Does the Aberdeen contingent propose to adopt the gag rule? Should there be only a corporal's guard of Roosevelt delegates present are their rights to be trampled upon with impunity? And are we to understand that the administration bosses propose to have everything their own way no matter how large a delegation the Roosevelt forces may be able to muster at the convention? It looks that way.

THE PRIMARY IN ILLINOIS

The value of a primary election was shown most conclusively in the primary held the other day in Illinois. The choice, as it should be, was left to the people without any restriction. Lorimer and his crowd were out to defeat Governor Deneen but the people spoke and Lorimerism was defeated and retired and Governor Deneen endorsed by a substantial majority. As between Mr. Taft and Col. Roosevelt the expression was still stronger and showed the people had confidence in Mr. Roosevelt, the man who never is afraid of his convictions. The greatest surprise of all was the defeat of Selby M. Cullom for United States senator. Mr. Cullom has been in public life fifty-odd years. He was sent to the senate in 1883 and has been there continuously since. He was a friend and ardent supporter of President Lincoln and in his day was a great man. On the leading questions of the past he has always been right,—upright and honorable. On the current issues of the day he was wrong and the people decided so. His great age was a factor against him but he will retire from the senate with honor for past achievements and the respect of friend and political foe.

The Great Pacific Northwest, especially the entire Puget Sound country, is looking forward to the opening of the Panama canal for better times and greater prosperity for all—high or low, rich and poor alike. Who, more than any other man, made this possible—that the canal should be completed and ready for the commerce of the world in so short a time? One man, and that man's name is Theodore Roosevelt. Bear this in mind when casting your ballot at the primaries tomorrow.

Over in San Juan county the republican county committee has provided for an expression of presidential preference. The voters will select delegates to the state convention pledged to support in the state convention delegates to the national convention who will vote for the man for president for whom the San Juan voters have expressed a preference. There will be a county republican convention held to ratify the election of the delegates to the state convention who have been selected at the primaries.—Quilcene Megaphone.

Good laws cannot always make good people, but good people ought always to make good laws.

Expert horse shoer at Morey's Blacksmith Shop, First and Oak streets, opposite City Hall.

THE SUPREME COURT'S POLITICS

Naturally we are pleased to see that the Senate is coming round to our way of thinking in at least one important particular—as the lively and protracted scrimmage over confirming President Taft's latest nominee for the Supreme Court shows. Of course Chancellor Pitney is a gentleman of eminent legal attainments and unblemished private character; otherwise the President would never have nominated him. Any nominee for the Supreme Court is sure to be an able lawyer

The fight in the Senate turned upon his general attitude toward current social questions—in a word, upon whether he is progressive or reactionary. We have always insisted that, under present conditions, this is the important point concerning any Supreme Court nominee. The fight in the Senate indicates that the Supreme Court possesses a discretionary power over legislation fully as great as the power of Congress itself, and that the manner in which it exerts this power in very important cases will depend very largely upon the personal leanings of the members of the Court. So long at least, as the Court annuls acts of Congress or of state legislatures by a divided bench—showing that no clear question of law was involved—it will be, in a very important way, a political body; and the politics of its members, in the broadest sense of that word, will be very important. The Senate fight puts this fact in high relief. We expect there will be no more matter-of-course confirmations of Supreme Court nominees so long as the Court acts within the political field as extensively as it does now.—Saturday Evening Post.

When you cast your first real vote for president at the "soap box primary"—so dubbed in ridicule by the Tribune-Times—tomorrow, remember a vote for one of the progressive candidates who stand for government by the people will be more than a condemnation of the present trust-dominated faction in control of the republican party. It will be a well merited rebuke to Acting-governor Hay and those newspapers and politicians who prevented the holding of presidential primaries throughout this state, on the grounds that the people cannot afford the expense—cannot afford to pay money out of their own treasury, to themselves, for the right to a voice in the selection of presidential candidates.

Senator Jonathan Bourne lost in his battle of ballots with Mr. Ben Selling, a business man of Portland, for the Republican nomination for senator from Oregon. Bourne carried the Portland primaries, but Selling's plurality in the state will reach nearly to the ten thousand mark.

The Garden Club of Seattle, assisted by the health and sanitation department, began a clean-up crusade of that city last Monday. The period of cleaning up will last ten days, one day being devoted to each of the ten districts into which the city has been divided.

Action on nuisance ordinance postponed another week.

Ordinance regulating the running of dogs at large, etc., was passed.

Ordinance defining City Attorney's duties indefinitely postponed, which means an end of this controversy.

Street superintendent instructed to place crossing on Front at Vine; also culvert under Second at Race street.

Resolution in regard to Front St. improvement tax referred to City Attorney one week for written opinion as to liability of city.

The P.-I. of Thursday has a great spiel on what that trust organ denominates, "Roosevelt holding up harvester anti-trust suit." One can look for almost anything nowadays from these great trust defending newspapers, and the P.-I. is one of the greatest of them. Better wait until you see the other side before passing judgment.

T. F. Trumbull was a returning passenger from Seattle yesterday.

Go to Morey's for your blacksmithing; they do it right.

A. R. Coleman was in the city on Wednesday.

Fresh vegetables at Fish Market.

SMOKER AT THREE A GYM

The Smoker at the three A hall last Wednesday evening was well attended and enjoyed by all. The principle features of the program were wrestling, boxing and fencing.

The first number was a bout between Dorr and Johnson which lasted four rounds; referee Gallagher declaring a draw. This match was followed by a three round bout between Garrison and Weeks; decision being given to Weeks. For the next number, Fitzgerald was taken on the mat by Getchell, the latter securing two falls; the first in seven minutes, the second in two; referee Morey.

An exhibition in fencing was then given by Herbert and Winfield Wood which was very interesting; the latter winning by a score of 12 to 11 points; Gehrke, scorer. The fifth number was the meeting of Nelson and Farmer with the glove; these two fought five rounds to a draw; Baily refereeing. For the last number on the program Wood met Anderson, formerly of the Forks Athletic Club. This proved a very interesting match and Woods secured a fall only after eighteen minutes of hard work. The boys of Forks may well be proud of their representative, as it were, and we are glad to have him with us now.

This Smoker was a decided success and will be followed by others, with the promise that all attending will get their money's worth.

The concrete walls of the city's transmission sub-station are about complete and the roof will soon be on. Chas. George, who has charge of the work, is rushing the same. The lot on which the building stands, as well as that part of Laurel and Boulevard streets in proximity thereto, are being improved and made passable by the blasting out of stumps, affording a driveway along the Boulevard from Laurel to Peabody.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gierin were arrivals on Thursday's boat.

All kinds fresh vegetables at City Fish Market.

Fresh fish at City Fish Market.

Small ranch for rent, phone x80. tf

Try Honey Puffs at Eckley's.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

St. Andrew's Church. Holy Communion 8 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m. Evening service at 8 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. Choir rehearsal Wednesday evening.
CHAS. E. RICE, Pastor in charge.

First Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. M. B. Phillips pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m., C. E. Fulmer, Supt. Preaching service 11 a. m. Epworth League 6:45 p. m. Preaching service 7:30 p. m. Prayer service Thursday at 7:30. You are cordially invited to attend these services.

First Congregational Church, Rev. Stephen Smith pastor. Morning service at 11:00, evening service at 7:30. Sunday school at 10:00 a. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6;30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

Ev. Luth. Church.—Until further notice there will be service on the 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month from 11:00 to 12:00 o'clock. Sunday school every Sunday; classes in German and English from 10:00 to 11:00 o'clock.

LODGE NOTICES

W. of W., Ediz Hook Circle No 724, meets first and third Saturday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
Angie J. Buchanan, G. N.
Fred T. Hopf, Clerk.

F. O. E.—Port Angeles, No. 483, F.O.E., meets every Saturday evening at Haning Hall. Visitors cordially invited.
A. H. House, W. P.
E. R. Gehrke, Sec.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.
William B. Ritchie, Exalted Ruler.
Conrad Luppen, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall
E. H. Finch, N. G.; W. B. Rogers, V. G.; C. E. Gordon, Rec. Sec.; J. E. Bigelow; Fin'l Sec.; E. A. Prickett Treas.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall
E. P. Boyd, C. C.
R. A. Martin, Clerk

HEADQUARTERS FOR TENTS
... and ...
Campers Outfits
including Folding Cots, Sheetiron Stoves and Cooking Utensils of All Kinds.

Going Fishing? We can supply you with All Kinds of Fishing Tackle.

Samples of our splendid line of
Rugs and Furniture
to be seen in our display window.

Also the popular Bissell Carpet Sweeper.
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Best Seed Potatoes on the Market

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LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES
Lincoln Street Wharf, Port Angeles
Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.
Horses for Sale on Hand Now.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.
Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.
The Best Cedar Shingles Made.
Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

Our Groceries Go Fast

That doesn't mean only that we have a quick delivery system, but that they're in such demand that they don't remain in the store any length of time. That's the reason our stock is always fresh; that's the reason we can afford to sell low. The "nimble sixpence" brings us profits often, so we can afford to share them with our customers. Are you one? If not, we'd like you to be.

Remember Saturday, April 27th is Bargain Day at
McBurneys Cash Feed Store
The place where they have one price for all.
Call Phone 45

[This matter must not be reprinted without special permission.]

The other day the Kentucky legislature, having come to the conclusion that blue grass has a blossom, adopted it as the official state flower.

Sometimes it is strictly proper for the wife to do the milking, but it is when the husband is ill or away on business and not when he is idling away time at the grocery.

What is said to be the largest egg of which there is any record has been laid by a hen at Elgin, Ill. This egg measures 8½ by 6½ inches in circumference and weighs fifteen ounces.

Besides keeping more and better animals, more attention should be paid by farmers to such crops as restore the fertility of the soil. The chief among these are clover and alfalfa.

The profit of a pure bred herd of cows depends very largely upon the keeper. Some men will make more with ordinary stock than others will make with the very best of breeding.

Many dairy cows do not produce up to the limit because they are not fed right. They may have an abundance of food, but if it is not of the right kind they cannot give the best results.

Most any of the dumb animals have more sense than a good many folks along one line at least—they seem to appreciate the value of fresh air and are not as afraid of it as of death and taxes.

If hogs are to be kept in good physical condition they should have access to a supply of charcoal, ashes and salt whenever they feel a craving for them. If a little sulphur is mixed with the ashes and salt it will prove beneficial

Whatever ration one may be able to provide for the flock of hens one condition should be kept in mind—namely, they should be compelled to scratch for most of the grain they receive. This means exercise, and exercise means health.

The unusually heavy fall of snow over much of the great southwest is looked upon as a virtual guarantee of bountiful crops and good times through all that section. This will be a most welcome condition after two dreadful droughty years.

While the soft maple tree yields considerable sap, it is low in sugar content and makes a sirup that is much inferior to that secured from the sap of the hard maple, from which variety practically all of the maple sugar and sirup of commerce is obtained.

Two very innocent looking sacks of nice clean clover seed that the writer saw in a retailer's store the other day cost the proprietor $83, and he had to pay transportation charges on top of that. And before the farmer gets it he will have to pay the retailer something for handling it.

In the testing of the seed it is just as necessary to eliminate the ear whose kernels show weak vitality as to throw out the ear whose kernels are entirely dead, for if the weak germed seed is planted it will come to little or nothing, making a stalk that will produce no ear and so spindly that it will be worth mighty little for fodder.

If one has access to clean, plump kerneled corn, it can be hulled by the following simple process and a tasty ration furnished for the table: Take two quarts of corn, add two heaping teaspoonfuls of soda and boil in soft water until the hulls start. The corn should then be washed in several waters and rubbed with the hands to remove the hulls.

Fifty per cent of all the expenditures of the federal government is for the maintenance of our army and navy establishments, the grand total being in the neighborhood of $318,000,000. In pitiful contrast to this, particularly in view of its beneficence, is the paltry expenditure of about $6,370,000 for strictly agricultural improvement purposes. Is it any wonder we are beginning to grow a bit impatient at this scandalous misapportionment of public funds?

An Indiana farmer of the name of F. C. Palin is said to have raised the most perfect ear of corn in the world. It is a trifle over ten inches long, is seven and three-quarter inches in circumference and weighs thirty ounces. In the position of the kernels there is not a single misplacement, and each row is perfectly straight. An interesting fact, which has nothing to do except indirectly with the ear of corn, is that sixteen years ago Mr. Palin was a traveling salesman and listened to the "back to the land" call.

CONCERNS EVERYBODY.

Never before have big business enterprises, whose volume of trade depends quite directly upon the agricultural prosperity of the country, taken such a lively and intelligent interest in the good seed question as now. Particularly has this been noticeable in the effort that is being made by transportation and manufacturing companies to get the farmers of the northern part of the corn belt to test their seed before planting it. This is nicely shown in literature which has been circulated within the past few weeks in Iowa, which stands next to Illinois in the volume of her corn production. This presents the striking fact that if but one poor ear of corn, whose kernels are dead or of low vitality, is used in the planting of each of the more than 9,000,000 acres which are devoted to the growing of this cereal the total loss for the whole state would amount to $18,000,000. This puts the importance of planting good seed corn on a dollars and cents basis and ought to be so plain that a "fool running might be able to read."

THE POOREST IN YEARS.

That the situation with reference to the wretchedly poor condition of the seed corn that was saved last fall is not overdrawn in reports which have been circulated recently is plainly shown in the condition of market corn which has been received at leading points during the past three months. These show that at Chicago during December, January and February but forty-six cars of No. 2 corn were received, while 18 per cent of all corn received graded No. 3, and over 80 per cent graded No. 4, or worse. At Omaha during the same interval 80 per cent of all corn received graded No. 4, while 15 per cent did not grade as good as this. At Kansas City over half of the corn received during the winter was fourth grade or worse, the average moisture content being about 20 per cent, which is the worst showing in years. In view of this showing this warning of "bad seed corn" is hardly in the "Wolf, wolf!" class.

USE GOOD SEED.

In years when grass seed is high, as is the case this spring, there is a tendency on the part of many a farmer to make the silly mistake of buying seed that is not first class simply because it is cheap. Such seed is usually dirty, containing many foreign and often noxious weed seeds, and quite often of low germinating power. These two things taken together make it the most expensive seed that can be bought merely from the standpoint of results obtained—the dollars and cents standpoint. No matter what the price, the highest price seed is always the best, because in the long run it is the cheapest. Simple as are the truths referred to, there are nevertheless a whole lot of fellows who hope to have about so much rocky experience before they get this idea fixed in their noddles.

A PAYING PROPOSITION.

That there is good money in raising beef cattle when the price is satisfactory is shown in a sale made the other day by a farmer living in the northern part of the corn belt with whom the writer is well acquainted. There were eighty-two head in all, and they averaged 1,200 pounds apiece. They were landed on a good market, fetching $7.50 per hundredweight. This means that the steers brought $96.75 a head, or a total of $7,995. One of the best features connected with this stock raising enterprise aside from the snug sum received was the fact that the raw products of the farm were converted into a finished product on the farm where most of the stuff was raised, with the result that there was returned to the land all of the manurial byproduct.

WATCH THE CHILD.

Many a parent does an almost irreparable injury to the girl of from eight to fourteen years by encouraging her in the doing of fancy or other work taxing to both eyes and nervous system when the most of her spare time out of school ought to be spent in the taking of needed physical exercise that would build a strong physique. And often it is children that are ambitious and need no encouragement to such work that suffer the most serious injury. Many a parent forgets that a mere child has not the endurance of an older person. This, coupled with parental pride in the child's achievement and the childish enthusiasm to meet the parent's expectations, forms a very dangerous combination and one of which the thoughtful parent should beware.

POISON FOR HOPPERS.

A farmer living near Dodge Center, Kan., in a communication to the Kansas City Star reports much success in the use of London purple as a means of warding grasshoppers off his grain fields. His plan is to spray the weeds and grass bordering the field to be protected in a strip about three feet wide with a solution made by mixing two quarts of London purple in forty gallons of water. He recommends spraying just before sundown and two subsequent sprayings of the same strip. He says that this method has never failed to protect his fields, as he has used it for a number of years. It hardly need be said that stock of all kinds should be kept from eating this poisoned forage, as it would make short work of them.

F. E. Trigg

HER GIFT TO HER FATHER

And How It Was Received

By MARTHA A. HART

Mr. Waukenfelt, father of a family—his oldest daughter, Eunice, was twenty—started one fine day on a long trip. He had worked hard for many years and, having secured a competence, proposed to take a vacation and see something of the world. Some one afterward asked him what was the happiest moment in his life. He replied, "When I was on that ocean liner sailing out through New York bay."

Whether the leaving of his family and family cares behind contributed especially to his happiness or detracted therefrom is a puzzling question to maids and bachelors. Certain husbands and fathers who do not take kindly to family restraints may see it all very clearly.

But this story has nothing to do with Mr. Waukenfelt's trip; it has all to do with his return after seven months' absence. It was midnight when, having paid his cabman, he mounted the steps of his domicile and, opening the vestibule door, a man attempted to brush past him. Mr. Waukenfelt seized him, there was a scuffle, the man soon relaxing his efforts till he was pinioned by his opponent.

"If you'll give me time to explain"—the prisoner began when his captor interrupted.

"You can do that at the police station." And, dragging the man out on to the stoop by his coat collar, he hustled him down the steps. He was astonished to see that the man was quite young and looked strong enough to "wipe the floor" with his antagonist. Nevertheless he permitted himself to be led like a lamb to the slaughter. Indeed, he never made a move to resist or uttered a word till he was landed in the police station.

"What's your name?" asked the sergeant at the desk.

"I'll leave him with you, sergeant," said Mr. Waukenfelt. "I've just returned from a long journey and wish to go home."

"Sure you'll appear against him in the morning?"

"Yes; I'll be here; don't worry."

Mr. Waukenfelt went home and, going to his own room, went to bed without disturbing his family. In the morning there was a great hubbub at learning that the father had returned. All gathered round him as soon as he came out of his room, and there were hugging and kissing till breakfast was announced.

"What did you bring me, pop?" asked his youngest son. And the question was repeated by all the family in an ascending scale of age till it reached those old enough to refrain from expressing what was on their minds. When all were satisfied in this respect, Eunice, throwing her arms about her father's neck, said:

"And I've got something for you, papa, dear. Guess what it is?"

Mr. Waukenfelt guessed everything from a pair of suspenders to a clock, then gave it up.

"A son-in-law," said the girl, hiding her blushes on her father's chest.

"A son-in-law! Why, sweetheart; that's something for you, isn't it? You've not given me anything, but have taken away yourself."

"He's perfectly splendid, papa. I want you to meet him right off. I know you'll like him. He knows you are here; at least I told him you were coming last night. We sat together till nearly 12 o'clock. I did so wish you could have arrived before he went away."

"What time did he go?" asked the father.

"About a quarter to 12."

"Oh!"

"Why do you say 'Oh?'"

"I had an adventure when I came in. I opened the vestibule door, and a burglar who was trying to get into the house or trying to get out, I don't know which, tried to escape."

"Good gracious!"

"But I got him."

"Got him! Didn't he kill you?"

"I wouldn't be here if he had. I took him to the police station and left him there."

"What kind of a looking man was he?" asked Mrs. Waukenfelt.

"One of those fellows who go about committing burglaries with crysanthemums in their buttonholes and leave gentleman-like notes for the persons they rob. You'd better look over the silver. But he couldn't have got away with anything, for I took him right from the house to the station."

"Did he look very wicked?" asked Eunice.

"Very."

"What did he say when you turned him in?"

"Oh, the sergeant began to question him, asking him first his name. I came away about that time."

"What name did he give?"

"Menhayden or Mendenhorn or some such queer name."

"Oh, heavens!" exclaimed Eunice. "Are you sure it wasn't Mendenhall?"

"That's it—Mendenhall."

"Oh, father! He's my Tom!"

"Your Tom! How did your Tom"—

"It's that abominable outside door. He got caught in the vestibule that way once before."

As soon as Eunice could get on her wraps she hurried away with her father for the station. Tom Mendenhall was led out looking very crestfallen and very mortified. Eunice introduced him to her father, who remarked:

"We have met before, I believe."

The Scrap Book

Good Reason.

Daniel Kennedy, the New York auctioneer, was talking about a collection of French snuffboxes that had sold too low.

"You ask why the owner sold them so low?" said Mr. Kennedy. "Well, he sold them low because he had to. Poverty compelled him. It is like the story of the little boys with the green ribbons in their coats. The schoolteacher interrogated these little boys to see what their knowledge of Irish history amounted to.

"'Patrick,' she began, 'why are you wearing a green ribbon today?'

"'Because it's the anniversary of the great and good St. Patrick, ma'am.'

"'Very well. And you, Michael, why are you wearing a green ribbon?'

"'Because St. Patrick is Ireland's patron saint, ma'am, and green is Ireland's color.'

"'Good! And now, Solomon Eckhardstein, tell us why you in your turn are wearing a green ribbon?'

"'Because, ma'am, Pat and Mike and Denny said they'd bust me snoot if I didn't.'"—Washington Star.

Smile.

Smile when luck is breaking wrong.
Chant a snatch or two of song.
Cheerfulness will keep you strong
Where discontent will fail.
Yours is not the hardest lot.
Make the most of what you've got.
Smile a bit, for kicking's not
A thing that will avail.

Smile though dark and long the day,
Knowing it's the only way
You can win out in the fray
And conquer adverse luck.
If you wear a smile of cheer,
Push ahead and persevere,
Riding rough shod over fear
And showing grit and pluck.

Let the other fellow frown
Who admits that he is down.
You may never gain renown,
But smile and life's worth while.
Laughter makes the heart beat young.
The pessimist will die unsung,
But you can be a man among
Men if you only smile.

—C. P. McDonald.

Roasting a Prince.

The old Thatched House club was a favorite resort of Sheridan, the great playwright. One frosty day when he was sitting there writing a letter the Prince of Wales came in and ordered a rump steak and a bumper of brandy and water straight away. Having emptied the glass in a twinkling, he called for a second and a third and said, puffing out his cheeks, "Now I am warm and comfortable; bring me my steak."

The order was instantly obeyed, but before his highness had eaten the first mouthful Sheridan presented him with the following impromptu:

The prince came in and said 'twas cold,
Then put to his head the rummer
Till swallow after swallow came,
When he pronounced it summer.

—From "London Clubs, Their Histories and Treasures," by Ralph Nevill Stokes.

To Make Him Eligible.

Mike Garrity, once state senator for a Chicago district, had a constituent whom he wanted to place and for whom he had no position. He decided to try James A. Sexton, postmaster, and took his charge along in tow. The representation was made that the applicant was not suitable for clerical work, but could safely attend to any old kind of an odd job. Mr. Sexton demurred. "I hold those places for crippled veterans," he said. "Come along, Dinny," observed Garrity, "we'll go to the butcher shop and I'll chop a wing off you."

A Disappointment.

Two Englishmen visited China last year, and after finding quarters in Ning Po hired sedan chairs to make a call on an official to whom they had letters. It was very hot, and as there was no ventilation inside the sedans the travelers after a while asked the bearers to raise the roofs. This, to their surprise, the bearers flatly refused to do, and the Englishmen, highly indignant, were forced to take off the roofs themselves.

They soon found their chairs followed by a hooting crowd of natives that swelled into hundreds as the journey continued. The Englishmen felt rather nervous, especially in view of the unsettled state of certain districts in China, but they arrived safely at their destination and got out. The crowds following them looked disappointed. Rather worried and puzzled they made inquiries of their host.

"To ride in a roofless sedan," was the explanation given them, "is the distinctive mark of a criminal going to execution, and as the usual place of execution is near the south gate the people thought you two 'foreign devils' were going to have your heads taken off and followed joyously to see the show."

His Masterpiece.

The young novelist had had a tough time of it, as had his dear wife. She held his talents in poor esteem and often urged him to try something else, for she was sometimes hungry and all the time ill clad. But one day his luck changed. He began to make money. And there came a day when he was able to write his check for $100 and pass it to his wife.

Her eyes filled with tears as she read it.

"Willibrand, darling," she said as she hastened around the table and put her arm about his neck, "I'll take back all the mean things I ever said about your work. This is the best thing you ever wrote."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SPOILED HIS DEBUT.

Sullivan Made the Youngster Forget He Was In a Ball Game.

Umpire Billy Evans, one of the greatest story tellers in the big league, recently told an interesting little narrative of how Billy Sullivan, the brainy catcher of the Chicago White Sox, coaxed a recruit Brownie to whiff the ozone. Ed Walsh was flinging for the Sox, and the kid Brownie, who had a reputation as a hitter, made his first appearance at the plate.

"What league are you from, sonny?" asked "Sully" in a kindly tone.

"I've played in the Southern Michigan the last two seasons," responded the youngster.

"Know 'King' Cole. I believe he came from your hustling league?"

"No, Cole was a year ahead of my time."

The call of strike one reminded the young Brownie he was in a ball game.

"I see by the records that you were one of the best hitters in your league," continued Sullivan, not noting the umpire's interruption.

"Yes. I got along pretty well there," continued the busher proudly. "I was hitting over 300 when the Browns bought me."

The umpire called two strikes and the youth looked crestfallen. He suddenly awakened to the fact that he was not paying any attention to Walsh's pitching and made a secret resolve to aim at the next ball.

"Have you any spitball pitchers in your league?" asked Sullivan, totally ignoring the fact that any strikes had been called.

"Not many," answered the juvenile.

"I don't think you will have any trouble making good in this league," "Sully" reassured him. "I like the way you stand at the plate." As the youngster was thinking over this bit of salve the upmire called "Three strikes, you're out!" Sullivan gave the youngster another kindly smile and said: "Don't worry; Cobb, Crawford, Collins, Lajoie and all the boys do that once in awhile. Pleased to have met you." The youngster turned and gave Sullivan a hard look. He opened his mouth to say something, but changed his mind and did a slow Marathon back to the bench. — New York Press.

His Brand of Beauty.

It seems that Governor Wilson has no illusions about his claim to good looks. William Bayard Hale, in World's Work, says that the governor told the people during his New Jersey campaign that they might as well prepare themselves for a busy governor, for the Lord never intended him to be ornamental. "Yes," he remarked once:

"For beauty I am not a star
There are others handsomer, far.
But my face—I don't mind it,
For I am behind it.
'Tis the people in front that I jar."

A Difference of Opinion.

A friend once asked Uncle Joe Cannon for information as to the prospects of a politician who was at that time generally thought to be "on the ragged edge."

"He seems to think he's getting on all right," said Uncle Joe, "but others entertain a decidedly different opinion. His situation brings to mind the story of the old lady up in Maine. When she was asked as to the whereabouts of her husband the dame replied:

"'If the ice is as thick as Henry thinks it is he is skating; if it is as thin as I think it is he is swimming.'"—Lippincott's.

A Thrifty Scot.

Truly Scottish is the tale of the highlander that was told by Professor Stuart. The professor was making a tour of the land of the thistle, and one blistering hot day in a wild corner of the Pass of Glencoe he came across a fierce looking man, half stripped and

"WHAT ON EARTH IS HE DOING?"

reeking with perspiration, who was hurling great bowlders about him like one possessed.

"What on earth is he doing?" asked the professor of another fierce looking Scot, who stood breathlessly by watching the task.

"Hist, mon!" was the awed reply. "Sandy's droppit a fourpenny bit!"

His Treat.

A farmer boy and his best girl were seated in a buggy one evening in town, watching the people pass. Near by was a popcorn vender's stand.

Presently the lady remarked: "My! that popcorn smells good!"

"That's right," said the gallant. "I'll drive up a little closer so you can smell it better."—Everybody's.

The Flimsy Part of It

By AMELIA GILES

A party of youngsters were at the seashore. The men were graceless scamps and the girls were as full of mischief as fillies not broken to harness.

Two of the party were "spoons." The word spoons is of indefinite meaning. Possibly some future archaeologist digging down into the ruins of an American city may translate it. "A word invented to express an unconventional condition among two very young persons of opposite sex who are too young to think of anything seriously, especially matrimony, but who are attracted by each other."

Any way, Dolly Tinkham and Billy Woods were spoons and known to be such by the rest of the party. Consequently they were a target for all sorts of jokes, pranks and innuendoes from their friends. These darts were not venomous, neither were they witty.

They were principally noted for their senselessness. They were taken in a mater of fact way by the young lovers, but not seriously. No amount of raillery could prevent Billy from putting his arm around Dolly, pretending that he was unconscious of being observed, or holding her hand under a lap robe when they were riding.

One day one of the young men came to Dolly with a bottle corked and sealed with her address pasted on it, telling her that he had picked it up when out boating. She broke the bottle and drew forth a paper on which was written:

I have long loved you, but it is impossible for me to woo you. Learning that you are staying at B., I have sailed out in a boat past the beach and have taken this means to advise you of my love. Any other way might lead to my detection. This way is perfectly safe. The reasons why it is forbidden for me to woo you are secret.

"Did you find it on the beach, honest?" asked Dolly, looking up innocently.

"Honest."

She dropped her eyes to the floor. Evidently she was affected by this unknown lover who was worshiping her from a distance. It did not occur to her that if he was forbidden to woo her he had better not have commenced to do so.

"Going to tell Billy about it?" asked the pretended finder of the bottle.

"I don't know."

The rascal did not wait for her to make up her mind about the matter. He told Billy himself. The same afternoon when Billy met Dolly on the beach he looked out at the ocean. Dolly wilted. That evening Dolly was sitting on the beach doleful. It is singular that when a girl gets one lover she is surpassingly happy. Two invariably make her miserable. Billy passed on, but Dolly didn't call him. She was sure he was miffed about this new unknown lover. He would vex her with questions and she didn't wish to be questioned.

Besides she wasn't quite sure she loved Billy after all. Billy was ordinary flesh and blood, the other fellow, created by her imagination, was a pathetic looking, melancholy chap with curly locks hanging over an alabaster forehead and wearing a Byronic collar.

But Billy, seeing that the flag of invitation was not thrown out, concluded to probe the matter without an invitation.

"What's this story about this fellow that's tossin' bottles overboard with love letters in 'em?"

"He isn't a fellow at all."

"What is he?"

"A noble, good man."

"What you going to do about him?"

"Nothing."

"What you going to do about me?"

"I haven't done anything, and I haven't any idea of doing anything."

"But you're going to wait for the rooster in the bottle to come?"

"I didn't say that."

"What's he say in his letter?"

"Oh, he says he loves me, but can't woo me."

"Well, then, what's the use of his saying it?"

"I don't know. I suppose it's a relief to him."

"Is he going to keep on being relieved this way?"

"I don't know."

"Well, Doll, since he's stepped in and taken possession of the field I'm out of it. Good evening."

He sailed away with his nose in the air.

The next day Tom Wilmarth, who had made up the first bottle, came to Dolly with a second. It contained a note telling her that her unknown lover would be on the beach the next day. He would wear a red ribbon in his buttonhole—red in token of his bleeding heart.

"See here, Johnny," spoke up one of the older girls, who was standing near, "this has gone far enough. Doll, he's been fooling you. He has written these notes and put them in the bottles. Don't you see that the paper bearing your name on the outside hasn't been wet?"

Dolly looked half dazed from the girl to the bottle, then at the scamp who had joked her. Then she got up and went away.

The next morning the spoons made up. It wasn't an important episode in their lives, but it might have been. They now have six children, and the flimsy romance of youth has turned into the great absorbing romance of family life.

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THE FOURTH ESTATE

Novelized by
FREDERICK R. TOOMBS

From the Great Play of the Same Name by Joseph Medill Patterson and Harriet Ford.

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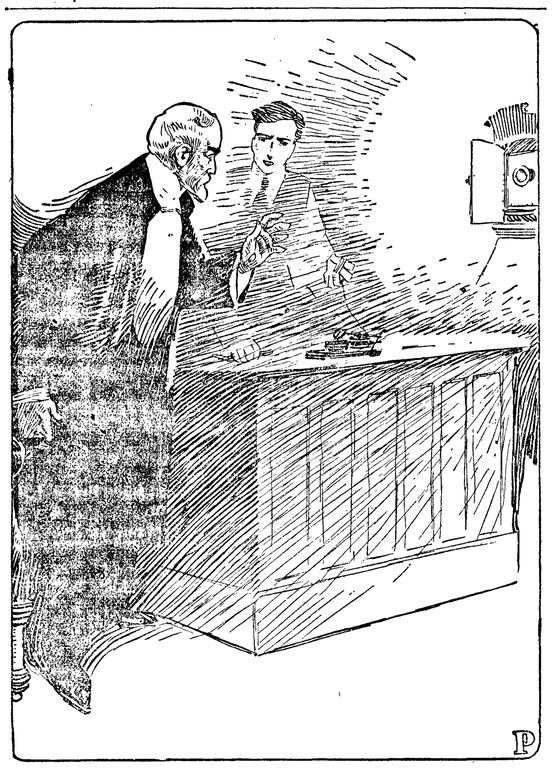
CHAPTER XI.

BARTELMY, now that he had taken the final and extremely distasteful plunge and had come to the office of the Advance, waited for Brand to make the opening remarks about the particular object of his visit.

Brand was waiting for the judge to do the same. It was the newspaper man who spoke first, after the two had seated themselves. He was anxious to get the matter over with as quickly as possible, for he well knew that, in spite of all his precautions, affairs in a newspaper office are so uncertain that an interruption of an unexpected nature might occur to ruin the entire plan.



"IT IS A PICTURE OF YOU IN STRIPES, JUDGE BARTELMY."

"Mr. Dupuy was here a short time ago," he ventured.

Judge Bartelmy proceeded to explain the appearance of the lawyer lobbyist in the affair. While it was plain to Brand that the judge had sent Dupuy as a go-between so that it would be impossible to connect Bartelmy with the payment of any money as a bribe, the jurist did not propose to acknowledge that such had been his laudable purpose. He gave an entirely different reason.

"Yes, I know," he said. "He found me at the opera with my daughter. I hoped, Mr. Brand, that by allowing me to act through him you would spare me this last humiliation."

"Would it not be safer for you if no third party knew of your transaction with me?" suggested Brand.

The judge pitied the colossal ignorance of this amateur in trickery. Did not he know that in the superior spheres of crooked practices it became necessary to employ third persons on many occasions to put through matters of this sort? And he was a newspaper man of years of experience too. No, this peculiar young man would never finish supplying the judge with surprises; of that Bartelmy was positive. Perhaps it might be in order to observe at this point that, while Brand of course could not know that these thoughts were passing through his visitor's mind, he at the same time would have been ready to confess that he was going to provide several more surprises for the jurist. But there are different varieties of surprises.

"Dupuy is in *my* confidence," the judge pronounced with an air of finality.

"He's not in *mine*," responded the managing editor.

"You're mistaken in him. I know him intimately."

"Oh, the pity of it," exclaimed Brand "that you should be intimately acquainted with such a man as Dupuy!"

Bartelmy could not restrain a sarcastic smile at the editor's sneer at Dupuy.

"Mr. Brand," he said quickly, "your moral reflections at this juncture impart a certain quaint humor to the situation."

"I am afraid that is the trouble with me. My humor is nearly always unintentional." Brand sighed as though sorry for himself.

The judge began to show signs of nervousness.

"Well, shall we get on with it?" the editor asked him.

"Yes. I must rejoin my daughter. She's waiting for me at the opera. She was very anxious that I should not come here tonight. It was curious—her persistency in the matter."

Brand drew his chair closer to the desk—closer to the telephone.

"Let us get to business," he said.

The judge went on talking about his daughter.

"She displays an unusual, I should say an extraordinary, curiosity as to my mission here," he said. "My daughter would have made a great cross examiner if she had been a man."

"We're wasting time, judge." Now it was Brand who was becoming impatient.

"Am I to understand that the payment of this sum"— Bartelmy began.

Brand raised his voice to a high pitch.

"Ten thousand dollars!" he said.

"Yes," agreed Bartelmy cautiously. "Am I to understand that it—ah—wipes out of your recollection not only the incident of which you were speaking, but also as to"— He paused.

Brand helped the would be briber to complete his sentence.

"You mean your secret interview last night with Dupuy and the attorney for the Lansing"—

The visitor raised his hand warningly at Brand's loud tones, as though to counsel caution.

"Yes, yes."

"Lansing Iron corporation?" continued Brand, bending close to the telephone.

"Yes. Will this sum, paid in hand, induce you to forget—ah—not only that incident, but also various other matters to which the Advance seems to have taken exception in the past?"

"Dupuy is in my confidence."

Brand sank back in his chair.

"You mean you want us to let up on you all around?"

"Precisely."

"Then that's understood."

"You will make a memorandum for me in writing to that effect—a receipt, so to speak?"

He pushed a pad toward the managing editor.

"All right—certainly," agreed Brand, taking up a pen.

The judge began to congratulate himself on the ease with which he was handling the young man.

"This is—ah—more businesslike," he said.

But Brand gave him another shock when he said:

"Yes; I'll draw it up in duplicate. Each of us will keep a copy—signed."

"Ah-ha-ha!" The jurist leaned back and laughed. "You're a clever lad, Brand. Well, well; youth will be served!" He pushed the pad away.

Brand glanced at the clock fixed in the wall opposite him.

"It's getting late, judge," he warned.

Bartelmy reached into the inside pocket of his evening dress coat and extracted an oblong package. Slipping off a rubber band that encircled it, he unwrapped the yellow paper and laid before him on the managing editor's desk a neat stack of crisp new bank bills, all of the $500 denomination.

Bartelmy started to count the money, but he desisted and pushed the bills over toward Brand.

"Count it," he said.

"You count it."

The judge leaned forward and began the task. His head was within four or five inches of the mouthpiece of the telephone. He picked up the bills, one at a time, and as he counted them he laid them in another pile.

"Five hundred," he said—"one thousand, fifteen—two thousand, twenty-five—three thousand, thirty-five—four thousand, forty-five—five thousand. There is half of it," he remarked.

"Yes; that's $5,000," assented Brand.

"Six thousand," said the judge, continuing with his task—"seven thousand, seventy-five—eight thousand."

"Eight thousand dollars," agreed Brand.

"Nine thousand," counted the judge.

"Nine thousand dollars," said Brand.

"Ten thousand dollars," the judge counted.

"Is that correct?" he queried of the editor.

"Ten thousand dollars, correct," was the reply. "That will wipe the slate clean between us."

Brand held out his hand to take the money.

The judge picked up the pile of bills, compressed them with his hands and extended the money across the desk.

"Take it, Brand," he said.

As the false judge said these words and stood with the money in his hands and held it out to the editor a loud explosion thrilled every nerve fiber in his body. A blinding glare of light filled the room, and the air was filled with the choking gaseous fumes of the smoke of the powder used by photographers in making flashlights.

A pang of terror shot through the craven heart of the would be briber. He started back in his alarm, his eyes almost blinded by the unexpected flood of light that had subsided as quickly as it had come.

"My God! What is that?" he cried, rubbing the back of one of his hands across his eyes.

Wheeler Brand, who had risen in his place at his desk when the judge had finished counting the money, set his face into hard, unyielding lines as the judge besought him to speak, to explain. He had won. He had completely at his mercy this cold, crafty betrayer of the public trust he had sworn to hold sacred. And it was with unmistakable triumph in his voice that he gave the reply that was to be imprinted on the brain of the false judge as long as he was to live—a reply that would haunt him while awake and awake him when he slept:

"It is a picture of you in stripes, Judge Bartelmy," he announced.

The judge, realizing that he had been tricked—that he had been photographed in the very act of handing bribe money to the managing editor of the Advance—displayed rare presence of mind for a man whose complete social and professional ruin had become suddenly imminent. He rushed across the room at the point where the flash occurred, hoping to obtain hold of the camera and destroy the plate. Owing to the pall of smoke he had been unable to see just in what manner the camera had been arranged. But when he reached the side of the room there was no camera to be seen, only a round hole extending through the partition into the next room and from which the camera had been removed. He stood and gazed in dismay. He knew now that he was at the mercy of Brand and the Advance to a degree that he hardly dared to estimate.

He turned around and walked back to the desk. Brand was still standing in his place, looking fixedly at the judge.

Bartelmy was not beaten yet. He knew that he would not be beaten until the Advance appeared in the streets spreading forth to all the world the story of his shame.

Shaking from head to foot in his rage, he pounded the desk and cried out:

"You have gone to all your trouble for nothing. I am going direct to Mr. Nolan's house, and in less than an hour you will receive orders to kill that story—that dastardly pack of lies you want to print!"

Brand smiled calmly. He gathered the $10,000 in bills, which lay scattered on the desk where Bartelmy had thrown them when he dashed for the camera.

"I'll keep these as evidence," he said. "When they have served their purpose we will return them to you, or maybe we will send them to the minority stockholders in the Lansing Iron company. That's who the money probably belongs to."

Bartelmy accepted the situation with stoical composure for the time. He saw that he would have no chance in a hand to hand struggle with the young athletic editor for possession of the money. Besides, he must see Nolan—must see him at once. That was the most important matter to which he should now attend.

He walked deliberately to the closet and secured his hat and coat. He turned the key and went out of the door leading to the outer hall.

As the judge disappeared Wheeler Brand sank heavily into his chair. He

"You count the money, judge."

spread his arms on his desk and bowed his head between them until his cheek rested on the cool polished surface.

"Judith, Judith!" he sobbed, and his body shook uncontrolledly as he wept for the girl he loved.

Who Bides His Time.

Who bides his time day by day,
Faces defeat full [illegible]ently
And lifts a mirthful [illegible]delay,
However poor his [illegible]nces be,
He will not fail in any qualm
Of poverty. The paltry dime,
It will grow golden in his palm
Who bides his time.

Who bides his time, he tastes the sweet
Of honey in the saltest tear,
And, though he fares with slowest feet,
Joy runs to meet him drawing near.
The birds are heralds of his cause,
And, like a never ending rime,
The roadside blooms in his applause
Who bides his time.

Who bides his time and fevers not
In the hot race that none achieves
Shall wear cool wreathen laurel wrought
With crimson berries in the leaves,
And he shall reign a goodly king
And sway his hand o'er every clime,
With peace writ on his signet ring,
Who bides his time.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

Scared Him Off.

Ralph R. Bradley, a Chicago lawyer, had a client who had some differences with a farmer down state. Mr. Bradley wrote in the interest of his client on a letterhead showing the address of the lawyer's firm in the Rookery. He received no reply and was obliged eventually to make a trip to close the litigation. Meeting the farmer, he asked him why he had not shown him the courtesy at least to acknowledge the receipt of the letter.

"Well," said the down stater, "I noticed 'The Rookery' on your letterhead, and it bothered me. I am not an educated man, so I had some one look 'rookery' up. He told me it meant a den of thieves, and I concluded not to have anything to do with you."

A Limited Diet.

The poor people of Barbados subsist principally on sugar cane, sweet potatoes and flying fish.

The Way of Wisdom.

The wisest man may be fooled, but not twice in the same way by the same person.—Chicago Record-Herald.

President Garfield.

Garfield was the first president to have his mother among his inauguration day hearers.

Rose Carnival Prizes

The following prizes are offered for the best exhibits of flowers at the Rose Carnival July 3 and 4, under auspices Women's Auxiliary:

For the best bouquet of the following roses, $2 for 1st and $1 for 2nd prizes. White and Pink La France, Caroline Testout, White American Beauty, Madame Alfred Carrier, Papa Gontier, General Jacqueminot, Kaiser Augusta Victoria, Wm. Allen Richardson, Virginia Cox, Hermosa.

For the best collection of roses in white, pink, yellow and red, any variety, three prizes, $5, $3, $2, making $10 for each color or $40 for the four.

Best bouquet any variety, two prizes, $3 and $2.

Best bouquet, old-fashioned flowers, two prizes, $3 and $2.

Greatest variety of roses from any one yard, one prize.

Finest variety of sweet peas, $1. bouquet of largest sweet peas, $1.

Display of largest pansies, $1; display of greatest variety of pansies $1

Nasturtiums, greatest variety on display, $1.

To the schools of the city: $5 to the room exhibiting the best collection of roses, and $5 to the room exhibiting the best collection of other flowers.

Notice to Contractors.

High School, Port Angeles, Washington.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon May 15, 1912, for the furnishing of all labor and materials for a reinforced concrete High School Building to be erected on the school site at Port Angeles, Washington, according to plans and specifications prepared by C. Lewis Wilson & Company, Architects, 803-807 Northern Bank Building, Seattle, Washington. Plans and specifications of same can be had at office of the School Board, Port Angeles, Washington, and at the offices of the Architects.

Contractors desiring plans are required to deposit $20.00 which will be returned to them upon the return of the plans. In the event plans are retained during the time allowed for estimates and the contractor shall fail to enter a bid for this work, he shall forfeit one half of the deposit. Blank forms of proposal are attached to specifications and must be used by contractors in submitting their estimates.

The Plumbing, Heating and Wiring will be let under separate contracts. Other things being equal, preference will be given local contractors

All proposals must be addressed to S. E. Stakemiller, Clerk of School Board, Port Angeles, Washington, and plainly marked "Proposal for School Building" and must be accompanied by certified check of five per cent of the amount of the bid made payable to Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to wave any informality of the same if it is deemed for the best interests of the District to do so.

S. E. STAKEMILLER, Clerk.
First publication May 3, 1912.

The Farmer In Business

Is providing convenient and complete banking facilities for the Farmer in business, this Bank is simply aiming to be abreast of the times. The great changes which have taken place in a generation make it necessary that the farmer of today be a broad gauge business man and be provided with easy and safe methods of handling his funds, which accumulate at certain seasons and must be ready for meeting obligations at other times.

Several Business Farmers, who are customers of this Bank have been kind enough to say that our Service meets their requirements perfectly.

We tender this same Service to others.

Citizens National Bank

Port Angeles, Washington.

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.

Hotel Tourist

SEATTLE, Occidental and Main

Near all Depots and Boat Landings

Convenient to all Stores and Amusement Places

Thoroughly modern. Telephones, hot and cold water in rooms.

Rates Reasonable

Service excellent at moderate prices.

Turkish Baths and Bakeoven Treatment in Hotel Basement, finest in the Northwest

The Fitzgerald Market

Opposite Hotel Angeles.

The Old Reliable Market

Good meats, low prices, square dealing.
Your patronage solicited.

James Fitzgerald

McKee & LaFlower

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and Embalmers

Phones: LaFlower 108; McKee 105

LADY ATTENDANTS

Mrs. M E. Troy

Instructions in China Decorations and Water Colors and Oil.
Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

Orders Executed

Front St. near Johnson & Bork

CAMPBELL & SOLTAU

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JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front street
Port Angeles, Wash

INVESTIGATE

THE TIMES

Clothing Mart

Issues you a cordial invitation to investigate their

Mammoth Stock of Merchandise,

Consisting of Men's Clothing.
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
Ladies Waists.
Notions, Domestics and Shoes.

Do you realize that they can save you more money by making your purchases of us than elsewhere?

IF YOU DON'T,

just call in and investigate.

Times Clothing Mart

R. A. Muskett

Cheap Rates East this Month

over the

O - W. R. & N.

O. S. L. and Union Pacific

Colorado Springs, Denver, Pueblo, Sioux City, Des Moines and Davenport, Ia., and Rock Island, Ill.:
May 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 17, 24, 29.
Dalas, Texas, May 14

Going Transit Limit will be 15 days from date of sale and final return limit **October 31, 1912**

When you use this system of railroads in making your journey East you know that you have steel coaches and electric block signals to protect you from the time you step aboard the train until you reach your destination.

THEN TOO—You journey along a Scenic Route; **POLITE** Employes take an interest in you and see that all your little wants are looked after; in the dining car you are served with the best of everything at a most reasonable cost.

Consider These Things when you come to select your route.

Summer Excursion Rates will be in Existence from Now Until Fall to All The Leading West and Eastern Points. Call for information.

E. E. ELLIS,
District Passenger Agent,
716 Second Avenue, Seattle.

Cupid at Vassar

A College Comedy Drama

in four acts
By Owen Davis.
Presented by the Class of 1912, Port Angeles High School.

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

John Willett, a young architect..... .....Duane Allen
Amos North, of North & Son, bankers.....James Lotzgesell
Shiney, a lazy darkey... Paul Farmer
Hank Gubbin, the hired man ....Herman Swanson
Mrs. Newton, of Great Falls, Vermont.....Mae Webster
Kate, her daughter...Gertrude Willson
Wanda, Kate's half sister..... .....: Angeline Ritchie
Miss Page, matron...Hattie Fleming
College Girls:
Sally Webb.....Athelene Fisher
Matty Hart .....Nell Morse
Alice Worth.....Hazel Murray
Patty Snow.....Margaret Fitzgerald
Helen Conway.....Hazel Hooker

SYNOPSIS

Act I.—"At the Old Home."
Act II.—"At Vassar."
Act III.—"Vacation Time."
Act IV.—"Graduation Day."

BETWEEN THE ACTS

The following numbers will be given;
Act I.—Overture.
Act II.—Vocal Solo, "Good Night," Miss Ada Thomas.
Act III.—Trio, "Gently Rest," The Misses Gertrude Willson, Hazel Hooker, Angeline Ritchie.
Act IV.—Monologue, "A Loving Wife's Mistake," Miss Hazel E. Hooker.

THE SENIOR RECEPTION

The Senior reception given Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lotzgesell by the Junior class proved to be one of those pleasant social affairs which it is always a pleasure to recall. Besides the two classes, the high school teachers and Prof. and Mrs. Geisness were invited guests. The evenings program consisted of various contests and games, with music and delicious refreshments. In a ring toss contest Miss Margaret Fitzgerald won the first prize and Miss Mathieu the consolation. A great deal of amusement was afforded by the hat trimming contest in which the boys alone participated. James Lotzgesell proved to be the artist and was suitably rewarded for his genius, while Herman Swanson received the consolation as his hat was surely fearfully and wonderfully made, and called forth roars of laughter from the interested audience.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

But little business was transacted by the city council Tuesday evening. Fifty dollars was appropriated for work on Fifth street, between Lincoln and Peabody. Street Superintendent was instructed to cut brier bushes overhanging walk on Front street between Eunice and Race.

A resolution was introduced and adopted instructing the Mayor and City Clerk to at once make application to the proper government officials for the extension of Victoria street seventy feet in width through lot 33, known as the United States Marine Hospital Reserve.

A LARGE STOCK OF FLOOR COVERINGS

Received some very nice pattern Linoleums, Rugs, Art Squares and Carpets, Lace Curtains, and Portiers, are going to be sold at special price. A good selection in Brass and Iron Beds; also have the Sanitary Springs and Silk Felt Mattress. Do not buy before you see our stock. We guarantee our values and price to be right. H. Gutenberg Hardware & Furniture Co.

Wanted—To buy homestead relinquishment or logged-off or other land on or near tide water. Describe land and location fully, giving price and terms. Address Ranch, care Leader.

Expert horse shoer at Morey's Blacksmith Shop, First and Oak streets, opposite City Hall.

Try our 5c Norwegian sardines. City Fish Market.

Small ranch for rent, phone x80. tf

About People of Local Interest

While Mrs. Wm. Clegg was in attendance at the regular meeting of the Eastern Star last Saturday night, about twenty of her friends took possession of the home and greeted her with a pleasant surprise on her return. Sunday was the thirty-second anniversary of her married life and this was the occasion of the celebration. Every one spent a very enjoyable evening and departed with best wishes to Mr. and Mrs. Clegg for many more as happy anniversaries.

Chris. Storm is in the city this week nursing a badly burned hand, after a fight with a fire which burned his Lake Sutherland cottage to the ground last week. Chris. lost everything he owned and it is not known at present whether the owner of the land, Mr. O'Reilly of Seattle, will rebuild or not.

Mr. H. D. Cox, formerly in the undertaking business at Grangeville, Idaho, will assist C. E. Fulmer during the summer. Mr. Fulmer is fortunate in securing such efficient help to care for the undertaking business while he may be away from town.

Boys' Suits, Knickerbocker Pants, the latest styles, from Chicago manufacturer; no jobber's profits to pay; Union made in sanitary shops. We handle the best goods at the lowest prices. S. J. Lutz & Co.
Where you get a square deal.

A whist tournament for the benefit of the Public Library will be given in the Commercial Club room, Friday evening, May 17th, with Mrs. E. E. Hopkins, chairman. A donation of prizes for this event will be very much appreciated.

Frank Sullivan, son of Surveyor Frank Sullivan, underwent an operation this week at the hospital for appendicitis and is in a very critical condition. On Thursdays boat there arrived from Seattle a special trained nurse.

Gray Tozier writes from Alaska that the little gasolene engine bought of C. E. Fulmer is doing fine work. On the trip up it ran 36 hours continuously without a miss.

While you are cleaning house, remember Johnson & Bork carry a full line of wall paper, paints for all purposes, Alabastine, Jap-a-lac, Linoleum varnish, &c.

Herbert Wood, the obliging clerk in Merrill & Co's. grocery. is laid up this week with a broken rib as a result of a wrestling match at the A. A. A. hall.

Mrs. Mabel Hibbard leaves today for New York City where she will spend the summer, hoping to return to Port Angeles next fall.

Mrs. Francis Alexander arrived Wednesday from Seattle for a visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pete Chambers.

You will help out a very worthy cause by attending the social dance in Parish Hall, Friday evening, May 10th.

A. I. Filion has ordered a new 9 h. p. Knox motor from C. E. Fulmer for his launch, the Nautilus.

The Five Hundred club was entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. A. H. Thompson.

Mrs. Walter Mack Clark left for the East on Wednesday evening's boat.

See C. E. Fulmer if you want a gasolene engine.

Fresh vegetables at Fish Market.

Fresh fish at City Fish Market.

Try Honey Puffs at Eckley's.

L. R. CARLISLE

returns to Port Angeles with his company of

Vaudeville Artists

MR. CARLISLE was the manager of the Rose Stock Co. that played here last summer. He has

Moving Pictures
and
Vaudeville Acts.

a good show GUARANTEED

Saturday and Sunday
NIGHTS
at the Opera House

E. W. Merrill & Co.

WE ARE TOLD

that we have a store that is

ahead of the town

We do not think so. OUR customers deserve the best, we are endeavoring to give it to them. Our success shows that they appreciate our efforts.

We have repainted our store and meat market and are using every effort toward cleanliness. Our prices are right as our long list of customers shows. We do only a thirty day business. If you are not a customer we would be pleased to have you give us a trial.

E. W. Merrill & Co.

Our Groceries Go Fast

That doesn't mean only that we have a quick delivery system, but that they're in such demand that they don't remain in the store any length of time. That's the reason our stock is always fresh; that's the reason we can afford to sell low. The "nimble sixpence" brings us profits often, so we can afford to share them with our customers. Are you one? If not, we'd like you to be.

Remember Saturday, May 4th is Bargain Day at

McBurneys Cash Feed Store

The place where they have one price for all.

Call Phone 45

Wiring

of houses, stores and all buildings for arc and incandescent lights annunciators and bells receive our special attention. We use the best materials, and our work always stands the most rigid inspection of the Board of Fire Underwriters.

Angeles Electrical Supply Co.

Phone 230 — Next Door to Post Office

GATE CITY MACHINE SHOP

Machenheimer Bros., Proprietors
Fourteen Years Machinist with Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co.

Does all kinds of Repair Work and carries a full line of Shafting and Mill Supplies, Motor Boat Supplies, Batteries, Oils, Magnetos.

Boiler Work a Specialty

TAFT MAY QUIT THIS WEEK; KNOWS T. R. WILL WIN

Managers of Administration Campaign In a Panic, Which Has Become a Rush to the Roosevelt "Band Wagon."

REPUBLICANS IN LINE THROUGHOUT NATION.

Overwhelming Majorities In Illinois and Pennsylvania Show Drift—Taft Welcome to His Two Lorimer Men.

New York.—The present indication in the political race for the Republican nomination at the Chicago convention in June is that President Taft is expected to withdraw from the contest this week. It is quite evident that the managers of the administration campaign are in a panic, and the efforts of the senators and congressmen who have been fighting for Mr. Taft to get "on the band wagon" are interesting, for they realize now, as they have not realized before, that Mr. Taft cannot secure the nomination.

The results from those states where the people have had an opportunity to express their choice by presidential preference primaries show that should Mr. Taft receive the nomination his defeat would be inevitable.

In Illinois the progressive movement showed its popularity with the people by the overwhelming majority of 133,000 votes in favor of Colonel Roosevelt. The entire state delegation to the Chicago convention will be solid for the colonel, with the exception of the two delegates from Senator Lorimer's district, a fact significant in itself.

In Pennsylvania the people voted as they shouted, and when the ballots were counted it was found that the Taft forces had been routed by nearly 200,000 votes and it was found that the machine politicians, the professional politicians like Penrose, Governor Tener and Oliver, were buried in the debris to such an extent that they cannot be extricated in time to be allowed in the convention hall at Chicago or to have any voice in the proceedings. Mr. John Wanamaker, the merchant, and Mr. Stotesbury, the Wall street magnate, are two of the six Taft delegates from Pennsylvania who will be able to get into the convention.

The situation in the west is the same. In Oregon and Nebraska, where Senator La Follette, with his progressive ideas, was a strong factor, the people showed that they preferred the progressive ideas of Colonel Roosevelt by giving him a majority in Oregon of over 7,000 votes and over 30,000 votes in Nebraska, and the delegates in these and other western states who are now for Senator La Follette will at the Chicago convention on the second ballot cast their votes for the colonel.

In Wisconsin and North Dakota the people have emphatically rebelled against the Taft candidacy.

Already the southern delegates are beginning to break away from the Taft camp. The machine roller methods, based on federal patronage, had for a time kept the southern states in some sort of line, but even they are now beginning to wake up to the fact that it is useless to hang on to a losing proposition any longer and are willing and eager to cast their lot with Colonel Roosevelt. Six of the South Carolina "Taft" delegates have wired Senator Dixon to the effect that they are delegates at large from that state to the Republican national convention, having been instructed for Mr. Taft at the state convention, held Feb. 29, at which time Colonel Roosevelt was not a candidate, and that it did not appear that Mr. Taft could now be elected. Since the colonel has entered the field, however, it is evident that he is the choice of the great mass of Republican voters in the states that elect Republican nominees and that they had reached the conclusion that it was their duty to the party and the country demanded that they should vote for Colonel Roosevelt, and they stated they would so vote.

In the east Maine is solid for Colonel Roosevelt, and, while the Vermont delegation is now divided, there is no doubt but that this state will cast a solid vote for Colonel Roosevelt at the convention in June. The indications are that a great surprise is in store for the managers of the Taft campaign when the results in Massachusetts have been tabulated.

Colonel Roosevelt's position is growing stronger and stronger each day, and President Taft is becoming weaker and weaker in the fight, and by the time set for the national convention it will have been that the voices of the plain people have been raised so loudly for the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt and the sentiment so strong for him that it will not be well for the welfare of the Republican party to ignore the emphatically expressed wishes of the people.

T. R. LEADS TAFT BY 154.

"Standpatters" Swamped In the Drift Towards Colonel.

Of 644 Delegates Roosevelt Has 239, Taft 85 and 118 Are Uninstructed. Contested, 160, Including 88 From New York—Senator Dixon's Figures Show Nation Wide Trend.

Washington, D. C.—Senator Dixon at the Roosevelt headquarters today said: "Six hundred and forty-four delegates to the Republican national convention have been elected up to date. Of these 239 are for Colonel Roosevelt, 85 for Mr. Taft, 6 for Senator Cummins, 36 for Senator La Follette, 118 are uninstructed, including 88 from New York state, and contests are pending in the cases of the remaining 160."

State.	Roosevelt	Taft	Cummins	La Follette	Uninstructed	Contested
Alabama	2	..	..	..	..	20
Alaska	..	2	..	..	..	..
Colorado	..	10	..	..	..	..
Connecticut	..	12	..	..	2	..
Dist. of Col.	..	..	..	..	..	2
Delaware	..	..	..	..	6	..
Florida	..	..	..	..	..	12
Georgia	..	..	..	..	2	24
Hawaii	..	6	..	..	..	..
Illinois	56	*2	..	..	..	..
Indiana	8	8	..	..	..	12
Iowa	..	8	6	..	..	..
Kansas	..	2	..	..	..	..
Kentucky	8	7	..	..	..	16
Louisiana	..	..	..	..	..	20
Maine	12	..	..	..	..	..
Michigan	8	12	..	..	2	6
Mississippi	20	..	..	..	..	..
Missouri	16	2	..	..	6	2
Nebraska	16	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	6	2	..	..	..	..
New York	..	2	..	..	88	..
North Dakota	..	..	..	10	..	..
Oklahoma	16	2	..	..	..	..
Oregon	10	..	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	58	4	..	..	..	..
Philippine Is.	..	2	..	..	..	..
South Carolina	4	..	..	..	4	10
Tennessee	2	..	..	..	..	14
Vermont	2	..	..	..	6	..
Virginia	..	..	..	..	2	22
Wisconsin	..	..	..	26	..	..
Totals	239	85	6	36	118	160

*Lorimer's district.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT MAY WIN IN OHIO

Indications Are That He Will Carry Taft's Own State.

Cleveland, O.—In the present contest for the nomination for president the indications are that in Ohio, President Taft's own state, Colonel Roosevelt will receive forty-four out of forty-six delegates to the national convention. This will be a bitter pill for Mr. Taft's managers to swallow.

The progressive movement has not only stirred the voters of Ohio, but of the whole country—the plain people—to assert their rights of enfranchisement as guaranteed them under the constitution, and the wholesale breaking away from the rule of the bosses in this state and elsewhere is like a tidal wave sweeping over the land.

Never in the political history of this country have the voters given so much thought to the right of the people to rule as is manifested in this campaign, and when the Ohio state convention takes place on May 21 the policies of Colonel Roosevelt will be indorsed by the voters in no uncertain language.

NEW JERSEY JOINS THE MOVEMENT TO STOP BOSSES.

Indications That Roosevelt Will Secure Every One of the Delegates.

Trenton, N. J.—Interest in the campaign for the Republican nominee for president is growing hotter and hotter in this state as the day for the New Jersey state convention, May 28, approaches, and the indications are that Colonel Roosevelt will secure the whole number of state delegates, twenty-four, to the national convention.

"The right of the people" to rule and the desire to break away from the "rule of the bosses" are just as strong in this state as in any throughout the country, and as Illinois, Pennsylvania, Maine, Nebraska, Oregon and other states have set the example of indorsing the progressive movement as enunciated by Colonel Roosevelt, showing that this is a country "of the people, for the people and by the people."

MARYLAND TO BE IN LINE.

A Solid Roosevelt Delegation Expected From State Convention.

Baltimore, Md.—The Maryland Republican state convention will be held on May 6, and the interest in the outcome of the contest to secure the Republican nomination for president is becoming more intense each day.

Colonel Roosevelt's candidacy and the principles for which he stands have caused such an upheaval in the political history of this state and the country at large as has never been known before in the history of the country, and Maryland will be in line with the other great states which have emphatically gone on record as indorsing the progressive, and it is predicted that a solid Roosevelt delegation will go to the national Republican convention at Chicago to register in no uncertain manner its choice of Theodore Roosevelt for president.

ROOSEVELT WAVE COUNTRY WIDE

New England Revolts From Taft Machine.

PROGRESSIVES LINING UP.

States Regarded as Conservative Strongholds Have Plainly Demonstrated That They Are Against the Candidate of Big Business—Staggering Blows to Standpatism.

Washington, April 18.—New England, so confidently claimed as Taft territory, has shown conclusively that it wants Colonel Theodore Roosevelt as its candidate for the presidency.

Up to date twenty delegates have been elected from this section. Of these fourteen are instructed for Colonel Roosevelt and six are uninstructed.

There remain sixty-eight delegates to be elected from New England. Of these New Hampshire will contribute eight, Rhode Island ten, Connecticut fourteen and Massachusetts thirty-six. Governor Bass of New Hampshire signed the call to Colonel Roosevelt to accept the presidential nomination if offered and is confident that his state will instruct solidly for Colonel Roosevelt. Massachusetts realized that if it failed to have a presidential preference primary its delegates would be named by the Taft machine politicians and the Republican voters would have absolutely nothing to say about it. Public sentiment was aroused, with the result that the primary law has passed, in spite of the opposition of the Taft leaders, backed by the president himself. Mr. Taft was urged to support the movement for a popular test, but refused to do so. After the law was on the statute books he gave it lip-loyal approval.

Lining Up For T. R.

In view of the fact that the law was passed as the result of the insistence of the Roosevelt forces it is easy to realize that the movement for the colonel has tremendous strength. There is every reason to believe that Massachusetts will give him the same rousing majority that Illinois gave him a few days ago. In spite of the machines in operation in Rhode Island and Connecticut and the fact that no fight whatever has been made in either of these states for the colonel's candidacy there is a great deal of Roosevelt sentiment.

The New England situation is highly satisfactory from the Roosevelt point of view and equally unsatisfactory from the Taft standpoint. The six great states of the northeast with the exception of New Hampshire were believed to be the stronghold of conservatism, and Senator Gallinger, the ally and supporter of Senators Penrose, Crane and Lorimer, was confident that New Hampshire could be brought into line for Mr. Taft. Senator Dillingham, who also belongs to the senate ring and who for the second time has vindicated Lorimer, assured the president that Vermont would cast its vote solidly for him. Yet Mr. Taft has obtained not a single instructed delegate from Vermont. If it had been suggested several weeks ago that Colonel Roosevelt would carry Maine and that the president would not get a single instructed vote from that state nor the state of Vermont the man responsible for the suggestion, if living in Washington, would have been conveyed at once to an insane asylum. Yet Maine and Vermont have refused to place a single delegate in the Taft column.

Strength With Voters.

The strength of the Roosevelt wave will be realized when attention is called to the evidence furnished by action taken in different parts of the country. Oklahoma would have gone solidly for the colonel had not the Taft forces called a convention before it was definitely known that Mr. Roosevelt would accept the nomination if it were tendered to him. As it was, he has got all but two of the delegates from that state. Illinois, in which a presidential preference primary occurred, gave the colonel fifty-six out of its fifty-eight delegates, with a tremendous majority in the state at large of 130,000 over Taft. To prevent Colonel Roosevelt from getting delegates frauds have been perpetrated in Indiana, Michigan, Kentucky and other states, especially in the south.

The Illinois vote may properly be taken as an indication of Colonel Roosevelt's strength with the voters. It is local in so far as the number of delegates elected is concerned, but it is country wide in its proof of what the people will do if they can express themselves. It is, of course, impossible to wall up sentiment within the boundary lines of a state. The American people are a unit, swayed by the same impulses and moved by the same judgment. It is axiomatic in politics that when there is a pronounced movement in one part of the country it is bound to show in other sections. The extremes of Maine and Illinois are in point.

It may be safely predicted therefore that New Hampshire and Massachusetts will instruct their delegates for Colonel Roosevelt and that some results will be obtained in Rhode Island and Connecticut. In this event the territory which was believed to be absolutely stand pat and upon which the president and his supporters depended will be represented in the Republican convention by Roosevelt delegates.

ORDINANCE No. 391

An Ordinance providing for the Licensing of Male and Female Dogs. Providing a penalty for its violation and Repealing all Ordinances and parts of Ordinances in conflict there with.

The City Council of the City of Port Angeles, do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. Every person owning or keeping a male or female dog within the city of Port Angeles shall pay yearly a license fee of one dollar ($1.00) for each male dog or two dollars ($2.00) for each female dog so owned or kept.

Section 2. On payment to the City Treasurer of the amount of such license tax, and the production of the City Treasurer's receipt therefor to the City Clerk, it shall be the duty of the City Clerk to issue a license to the person applying for the same, which license shall remain in force for one year from the first day of April in each year and no longer; provided that the first license issued to each applicant therefor shall be issued and charged for only from the date of its issue to the first day of April following such date of issue. And the Clerk shall also furnish with such license a metal tag, upon which shall be stamped a number corresponding to the number of such license, and such license and such tag shall be appended to a collar which the owner shall provide and place upon the neck of the dog so licensed.

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to keep a list of the names and addresses of all persons to whom such licenses are issued with the number of the license issued to each person. And it shall be the duty of the City Marshal to ascertain each year that the license has been renewed.

Section 4. All dogs found running at large without having on such collar and license tag are hereby declared a public nuisance and it shall be the duty of the City Marshal, or some person by him appointed, to distrain and impound all such dogs, and when so impounded he shall charge the owner or keeper one dollar for the release of such dog, in addition to said license fee, together with fifty cents for each and every day such dog shall be kept in custody; Provided, that he need keep no such dog for more than twenty-four hours, and at the end of that time it shall be discretionery with him whether such dog shall be sold to defray the expense of keeping or whether it shall be killed.

Section 5. All license and impounding fees collected by virtue of this Ordinance shall be deposited with the City Treasurer to the credit of the city.

Section 6. If any owner or keeper of any dog shall fail to procure a license for any dog kept by him, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar ($1.00), or more than five dollars ($5.00) and the costs of such action, or by imprisonment not to exceed two days.

Section 7. If any owner or keeper of any dog shall permit such dog to wear a collar and license tag, without the license having been paid and license procured, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof, shall for each and every such offense be fined in any sum not exceeding ten dollars ($10.00), to which shall be added the cost of prosecution or by imprisonment not to exceed three (3) days.

Section 8. If any owner or keeper of any female dog shall knowingly permit it to run at large while in heat, notwithstanding such person may have a license as herein provided, he shall upon conviction thereof for each and every such offense, be fined in any sum not exceeding ten dollars ($10.00), to which shall be added the costs of prosecution or be imprisoned for any one time not exceeding five (5) days.

Section 9. All Ordinances and parts of Ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinances are hereby expressly repealed.

Section 10. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval and from and after five (5) days after the publication of this Ordinance.

Passed April 23d, 1912.
Approved April 24th, 1912.
Published May 3d, 1912.

N. K. MEAD, Mayor.

Attest:
C. E. SHIELDS, City Clerk
First publication May 3, 1912.

Rose Comb Rhode Island

Reds. Choice selected stock.
Eggs 1.50 per setting.
Rick wood and bark for sale also. Phone L 110.
E. B. FLEMING.

Chinese Bazaar

Opposite Post Office

China, Silks, Curios, Boxes, Souvenirs,
Best Quality Teas and Rice,
Goods the Best,
Prices Right

Application No. 6161

Notice of Sale of State Lands

Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 1st day of June, 1912, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and our o'clock in the afternoon, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, in front of the main entrance door to the county court house in the city of Port Angeles, county of Clallam, State of Washington, either by the County Auditor of said county or by a member of the Board of State Land Commissioners of the State of Washington, the following described state lands, together with the improvements situated thereon, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, towit:

Application No. 6161.

All tide lands of the second class, as defined by section 1 of chapter 36 of the Session Laws of 1911, owned by the State of Washington, situated in front of, adjacent to, or abutting upon the following described uplands:

In front of lot 1, section 31, township 31 north, range 3 west W.M., with a frontage of 9.66 lineal chains, more or less, appraised at $6.00 per lineal chain, or $57.96; also

In front of lot 2, section 31, township 31 north, range 3 west W.M., with a frontage of 22.47 lineal chains, more or less, appraised at $6.00 per lineal chain, or $134.82; also

In front of the J. C. Brown Donation Land Claim in sections 30 and 31, township 31 north, range 3 west W.M., with a frontage of 30.00 lineal chains, more or less, appraised at $6.00 per lineal chain, or $180.00;

All as measured along the meander line, according to a certified copy of the government field notes of the survey thereof, on file in the office of the Commissioner of Public Lands at Olympia, Washington.

Said lands will be sold subject to the terms, conditions and reservations of Chapter 109 of the Session Laws of 1911, relating to easements for rights-of-way and the carrying of timber, stone, mineral and other products over the same.

Said lands will be sold for not less than the appraised value above stated and upon the terms and conditions following:

Terms and Conditions of Sale.—Not less than one-tenth of the purchase price must be paid at the time of sale to the officer making the sale. The purchaser, if he be not the owner of the improvements, must forthwith pay to the officer making the sale the full amount of the appraised value of the improvements, as above stated. One-tenth of the purchase price must be paid annually thereafter on the first day of March of each year, with interest on all deferred payments at the rate of six per centum per annum, together with accrued interest on any balance, at the same rate: Provided, That any purchaser may make full payment of principal, interest and statutory fees at any time and obtain deed or state patent. The purchaser of land containing timber or other valuable minerals is prohibited by law from cutting or removing any such timber or materials without first obtaining consent of the Commissioner of Public Lands or the board, until the full amount of the purchase price has been paid and deed issued.

All sales of state lands are made subject to the reservations of oils, gases, coal, ores, minerals and fossils of every name, kind and description, and to the additional terms and conditions prescribed in the act of the legislature approved March 20, 1907, being section 3 of chapter 256 of the Laws of 1907.

The above described lands are offered for sale in pursuance of an order of the Board of State Land Commissioners, and an order of sale duly issued and certified by the Commissioner of Public Lands of the State of Washington now on file in the office of the county auditor of said county.

FRANK C. MORSE,
Assistant Commissioner of Public Lands.
First publication April 26, 1912.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., April 13, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that William E. Props of Port Angeles, Wash., who, on March 23, 1906, made H. E. 19317, Serial. No. 011884, for the NW¼ of Section 15, Township 29 N., Range 5 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U. S. Commissioner, at his office, Port Angeles, Wash., on the 25th day of May, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Charles England, of Port Angeles, Wash.
Fred Danz, of Port Angeles, Wash.
Henry Danz, of Port Angeles, Wash.
Geo. A. Reis, of Port Angeles, Wash.

JOHN C. DENNY, Register.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

Why order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

In the Superior Court, of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.
In the matter of the estate of Ernest Errickson, deceased.

Anders Nylund, the administrator of the estate of Ernest Errickson, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth,

It is therefore ordered by the Commissioner of said Court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before said Superior Court, on Saturdry, the 20th day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of said Superior Court, at the Court House in Port Angeles, county of Clallam, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Anders Nylund to sell so much of the real estat of the said deceased Ernest Errickson as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the Olympic Leader, a newspaper printed and published in said Clallam county.

GEO. VENABLE SMITH,
CourtCommissioner of Clallam County, Washington.
Dated March 9, 1912.

SUMMONS.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
Lillie Mix, plainliff, vs. Archie Mix, defendant.

The State of Washington, to the said Archie Mix, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty (60) days after the 8th day of March, 1912, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of the Court.

That this is an action for a divorce upon the ground of cruelty and non-support.

TRUMBULL & TRUMBULL,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. address Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington.

City Warrant Call

City warrant call advertised April 19th, 1912.

Current Expense Fund warrants to No. 6277 inclusive.

Lighting Fund warrants to No. 1275 inclusive.

Cemetery fund warrants to No. 1764 inclusive.

Coupon 37 Electric Light Bond, interest coupon due April 1st.

No interest will be allowed on above warrants after April 19, 1912.

P. E. GRAVES,
City Treasurer

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.
Anna B. Butts, Plaintiff
vs.
Karl J. Ellington, M. Claire Gifford and Augusta Erickson, Defendants.
State of Washington to the abovenamed Defendants, Karl J. Ellington, M. Claire Gifford and Augusta Erickson.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear herein, within sixty days after the first publication of this summons, towit: Within sixty days after the 16th day of April A. D. 1912, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of this action is to foreclose a mortgage given by said Karl J. Ellington to said plaintiff dated March 9th., 1910, given to secure the payment of 3 certain promissory notes from said Ellington to said plaintiff in the sum of five hundred dollars with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of 6 per cent per annum dated of even date with said mortgage, mortgaging the following real property, situated in Clallam County, State of Washington, and particularly described as the south half of the northwest quarter of section 2 in township 30 north of range 7 west of Willamette Meridian; also to foreclose the claims and interests if any of the other defendants herein.

GEO VENABLE SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office in Aldwell Building, Port Angeles, Clallam County, State of Washington.
Date of first publication April 19, 1912.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Clallam county
In the matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Hahn, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Hahn deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of March, 1912, by the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them to me for allowance, with the necessary vouchers at the office of Trumbull & Trumbull, Aldwell Building, Port Angeles, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, within one year after the date of this notice or they will be forever barred.

Dated this 5th day of March, 1912.

LUDWIG HAHN,
Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Hahn deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.
No. 541.
In the matter of the estate of Richard S. Vickery, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, James Stewart, administrator of the estate of Richard S. Vickery, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within one year after the date of the first publication of this notice, to said James Stewart at his office on the North line of Front street, between Laurel and Lincoln streets, in the city of Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated March 22, 1912.

JAMES STEWART,
Administrator of the estate of Richard S. Vickery, deceased.
First publication March 22, 1912

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

No. 552.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Clallam county.
In the matter of the Estate of James Elves deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of James Elves deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 9th day of April, 1912, by the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them to me for allowance, with the necessary vouchers at the office of Jas. G. McClinton, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, within one year after the date of this notice or they will be forever barred.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1912.

Margaret A. Elves,
Executrix of the estate of James Elves deceased.
First publication April 12, 1912.

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[This matter must not be reprinted with out special permission.]

Poultrymen of Mountain View, Cal., claim to have developed a breed of chickens that have red, white and blue feathers, and they call it the "Patriot."

The general traits and feeding habits as well as needs of chickens, ducks and geese are so different that it is quite impossible to get the best results from all three classes when they are housed in the same quarters.

A good idea of the returns that are at present being received by the owners of California grape ranches is shown in the receipt of $7,000 for the product of thirty acres of Thompson seedless by a grower living not far from Modisto.

It would be an interesting study to trace the causes of the deterioration of litt . . . lowed to range at will during the day and will be much the better for the exercise which they get.

From figures recently published by the census bureau appear abundant reasons why turkeys for the gracing of the Thanksgiving and Christmas tables have been from 20 to 30 cents a pound instead of from 12 to 18 cents, as used to be the case some years ago. These figures show that in 1910 there were 3,668,769 turkeys on the farms of the country, while in 1900 there were 6,594,095. If this movement should continue for another ten years we won't be able to touch a turkey with a ten foot pole.

The Colorado experiment station has tried a number of methods of exterminating prairie dogs and other grain eating pests and has found the following dope the most satisfactory: To sixteen quarts of corn or other small grain add one ounce of strychnia sulphate, one teaspoonful of sirup and one quart of boiling water. Stir the grain until all of it is moistened and then distribute in the places desired where poultry or other stock cannot get at it. The same bait is excellent for pocket gophers, the grain being inserted in the runways.

An interesting feature in connection with an international egg laying contest which is being conducted at the Storrs Agricultural college in Connecticut is that all of the pens of laying hens are housed in the open or in fully ventilated quarters, care being taken only to see that no direct drafts strike the fowls while roosting at night. It was thought by some that if the Leghorns and like breeds were given these conditions that they would do mighty little laying. But it is turning out that to date at least these very hens are shelling out the most eggs.

A friend who tried most all combinations of feeds for his flock of hens finally caused them to get down to business by cutting out a good deal of the corn which they had been getting and substituting in place of it bran, skimmilk and tankage, the kind that is put up at the packing houses as a feed for hogs and poultry. When the hens had been on this ration for a short time they surpassed in egg production any previous record. The better results secured were not due to the fact that the latter ration was particularly expensive, but simply to the other fact that it was a ration that gave the biddies the food elements they needed in egg production.

In latitudes liable to frozen drainpipes it is well during the coldest weather to put some salt on the sink strainers and pour a quantity of hot water through. If the pipes are nearly clogged this will tend to clean them out, while if they are stopped up the salt will help to melt them out.

It is rather a strange coincidence that for the three winters past, including the present, the lowest temperatures through the north central states have been recorded between the 5th and 7th of January, temperatures of from 20 to 30 degrees below zero having been registered in this brief interval.

Perhaps in no case does the proverb "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" apply with greater force than in the case of the flock of poultry. It is both cheaper and easier to take the simple necessary precautions to insure the health of the flock than to correct matters after a disease gets a foothold, for after poultry get sick the simplest and often the cheapest cure is to knock them on the head and bury them.

A disease which has been prevalent among the cattle and horses of eastern Oregon for the past year and a half and had been dubbed the "walking sickness" has been lately diagnosed as plain hydrophobia, following a recent investigation into the malady by the state bacteriologist, Professor Pernot. A curious feature of the disease seems to be an attempt on the part of affected animals to follow moving objects. Invariably the disease has been fatal.

made by a Boston baker in 1746 in an effort to find a cheaper substitute for the white bread, which had become a luxury owing to the high price of wheat. While it was designed originally as a ration for the poorer classes, it took so well that it became highly prized by both rich and poor. The following is said to be the recipe for this original brown bread: Take two cupfuls of Indian meal, two cupfuls of rye or wheat flour, two cupfuls of sour milk, one cupful each of sweet milk and molasses, two teaspoonfuls of soda and two of salt. Steam three hours in a covered tin inside a large covered vessel, then half an hour more with the inside cover off.

The fine quality of many a big churning in co-operative creameries is ruined through the addition to the cream of a single mess of filthy cream slipped into the gatherer's tank by some careless or dirty patron. Where such a mess of cream is stirred into a large vat of cream and is allowed to ripen before churning the contamination is spread to the whole mass, and when this churning of butter gets to market the price may be knocked from 2 to 4 cents a pound because of the rankness which has been imparted. Level headed creamery managers and their butter makers should have their drivers keep close tab on these dirty patrons, with orders to refuse dirty cream or that from the milk of cows too far advanced in their period of lactation for their milk to be sweet and usable. If these precautions were taken thousands of dollars would be saved for the patrons of co-operative creameries in the course of a year.

If the California Fruit Growers' exchange has a pretty effective monopoly in the handling and marketing of citrus fruits, as contended by some market papers that are decidedly partial to jobbers and middle men as a class, it is a situation that these latter people are chiefly and directly responsible for. Time was, and that but a few years ago, when, to use an agricultural figure, the jobbers and commission men as well as the railroads "played horse" with the orange and lemon growers of California. It took the latter quite awhile to get wise to what ailed them; then they got tired, later fighting mad, organized, and the Fruit Growers' exchange is the result. The same provocation and much the same results in co-operative effort along the marketing line are to be noted in half a dozen or more other fruit growing lines. It is simply a case where the middlemen have killed the goose that laid the golden egg.

A Parallel Case

A Story Where Truth Proves Stranger Than Fiction

By AGNES G. BROGAN

The big westerner was evidently not enjoying his journey. He appeared to be possessed of a hunger for human companionship, and after several unsuccessful attempts at conversation with fellow passengers in the smoker he stepped out on to the observation platform and stood drawing long breaths of fresh air, as though the proximity of the trees along the wayside stifled him. Then, turning abruptly, he entered the car. Its occupants still sat absorbed in their own affairs as his towering figure passed down the aisle. Then as Boynton sank into his seat his glance fell upon a girl who sat opposite. He had not noticed her before, but now his bored expression gave way to one of frank pleasure as he gazed admiringly into her charming upturned face.

There was an indefinable air of joyousness about the girl which curved the corners of her lips and twinkled in her laughing eyes. She regarded the westerner with good humored interest for a moment, then returned to her survey of the ever changing scenery. But to the man her very presence had changed the dreary atmosphere like a breath from the sweet, wild prairies. He saw as he covertly watched the girl her unaffected delight in the new surroundings and was possessed of a sympathetic desire to enjoy with her this passing panorama. He longed to tell her of the wide reaching lands of his own beloved country and the deep purple of the sky which bordered all. She would understand, he was very sure, what it must mean to a man to give up all this and start life afresh in a distant land among a strange, new people.

It was indeed a great honor to be numbered among the company's stockholders and to be named as their business representative in the southern city toward which he was traveling.

Boynton tossed his magazine aside and stared gloomily out of the window. The train would go rushing on like this, eating up the miles between, until a certain station would be called; then the girl opposite would arise and smilingly pass out of his life forever.

And she was so different—oh, so ideally different!—from any woman he had ever known.

"If you please," said a voice, a low sweet voice, "may I take your magazine for a few moments? I would like to see that story."

"Take it?" he answered heartily. "Well, I rather guess you can! You won't care for the story, though," he added.

"No?" The girl smiled up at him "Is it such a poor story?"

"Poor," he exclaimed disgustedly. "Talk of fiction; there's where you get it. I wonder the magazines publish Henry Hobb's twaddle. This thing is one of the worst he has ever done. Couldn't possibly happen and wouldn't interest any one if it could."

"Indeed?" The rising inflection in the soft voice invited further information, and the westerner, swaying unsteadily with the car's motion, slipped into the seat at her side.

"Yes," he continued, "it's awful rot. Couple meet on a railroad train, become acquainted the first mile or two out, fall in love the second and leave the car a few hours later to procure a marriage license. Runs like a moving picture. Now, in the first place, what fellow but an out and out chump would ask a girl to marry him in that short space of time, while the girl who would accept wouldn't be worth asking unless, of course," he added laughingly, "they were both just plain foolish."

The girl joined in his laugh merrily. "Well," she said, "perhaps they were. But the illustration is beautiful, don't you think?" She was examining it intently.

"Why," Boynton exclaimed, "it might be a picture of this very car. The girl in the rear seat is like you, too—small and dark and happy looking. She's a southerner."

His companion nodded. "So am I," she said.

A shadow crossed the man's face. "My home has always been in the far west," he confided. "I'm afraid I'll find myself mighty different when I try to be one of you."

The girl's eyes widened. "From the far west!" she repeated wonderingly. "Oh, I would love to have you tell me what it means to live out there!"

With an almost boyish eagerness he complied with her request, and their laughter rang out often as the train sped on its way. The train came to a very sudden stop presently, with much creaking of wheels and brakes, and the westerner broke off in the midst of an exciting tale to investigate the cause. He returned soon with an assuring nod to the girl.

"Just a little sand slide ahead," he explained, "but we shall be detained an hour or so while they clear the tracks."

"We shall be very late in reaching our destination. I am going to sleep. You must not talk to me any more," she said.

So the big westerner obeyed, and the strong lines of his face softened into a great tenderness as he sat watching the sleeping girl.

After what seemed an interminable time she looked up at him like a drowsy child.

"Nearly there?" she asked.

He leaned forward tensely.

"Yes," he answered, "we are desperately near your journey's end, and—and I can't stand it any longer. I've simply got to tell you right here and now how much I love you. We haven't known each other long, but my love for you isn't new. It's as old as old as the beginning of the world, and I do not ask for a return—oh, not yet! By and by, perhaps, when some of my rough edges are rubbed off and when I have grown a little more like other people, then I will dare to ask you—most humbly. But now I want you to know that I'm loving you all the time wherever you may be, and if you think that there might be a glorious possibility—some time—that you would be my wife"—the big westerner's voice trembled—"oh, my dear," he whispered, "I would try so hard to be worthy."

The girl stood up before him. Two scarlet spots burned in her cheeks, and her eyes were filled with tears. "You must not talk like that to me," she said severely; "it is so—so absurd. Why, you do not even know my name. We are going into the station now, and my father will be there to meet me, so I will tell it to you." She laughed unsteadily. "I am Henry Hobbs," she said—"Henry Hobbs, do you understand, writer of that—that awful rot? When I spoke to you this morning it was only because I was so anxious to see the illustration of my story. I had been too hurried to stop and buy a copy of the magazine. Then when you spoke of my story so discouragingly I wanted to prove to myself that such an occurrence might actually happen. So I have been leading you on, deliberately trying all day long to persuade you to make love to me. You see now what a horrible, despicable creature I am! But that is not all. I made you talk of western life because I am writing a western story and needed material. You gave me a great deal, oh, a very great deal"—she caught her breath sharply—"and now I reckon you will not think we are much finer down here than you, Mr. Boynton, with all our southern ways."

The westerner arose and carefully collected her bundles.

"You have been welcome to any information I could give," he said slowly, "and I deserved punishment for what I foolishly said about your story. But if it is any satisfaction to you you may know positively that the story is entirely within bounds of reason, for if you had cared for me today as I do care for you this would have been—a parallel case."

The girl brushed her hand hastily across her eyes. An old gentleman was coming down the aisle:

"Why, Sylvia, my dear," he cried, "your train has been delayed. We have been most anxious." He turned questioningly to Boynton.

"This, father," the girl said, "is Mr. Robert Boynton from the far west. He has been very kind." She held out her hand to say goodby; but, taking the proffered hand, the westerner helped her down the steps.

"I am staying over at the Grand hotel until late tomorrow night," he explained.

And as the automobile which bore her homeward turned a corner the girl, looking back with a pang, saw him still standing motionless, a great and strange lonely figure. Even the press of business upon the following day could not banish from his memory the girl's witching, haunting face, and Boynton returned to his hotel at evening, weary and depressed.

"A letter for you, sir," said the clerk at the desk, and Boynton tore open the envelope with a puzzled frown.

"I would like to see you again to ask forgiveness," he read. "Please, will you call tonight?"

The note was signed simply "Sylvia Reynolds," but in parenthesis was added the well known name of Henry Hobbs. A great light overspread the westerner's face:

"Will you tell me the quickest way to Magnolia avenue?" he asked of the clerk at the desk. It was she herself who opened the door, greeting him with outstretched welcoming hands, so lovely in her clinging pink gown that Boynton stood abashed before the bewildering vision.

"You were good to let me come," he said at last, "wonderfully good."

The girl came nearer. "Do you know why I sent for you?" she asked hesitatingly. "It was not to ask forgiveness, because—because you will have nothing to forgive."

Something in the shy upward glance of her dark eyes caused a great hope to spring within him

"You mean"— he asked tensely. She laughed. It was a tremulous little laugh.

"I have been thinking about my story," she said, "and—and I wanted to tell you that this is a parallel case."

She took hasty refuge behind a tall chair as he rushed toward her.

"And you will marry me?" he cried unbelievingly. A smile switched at the corners of her lips.

"Any man who would ask a girl at such short notice would be an out and out chump," she repeated demurely.

"Sylvia!" he entreated.

"And the girl who would accept him," she continued mercilessly, "would not be worth asking."

With a masterful gesture the westerner imprisoned the girl's small restraining hands. There was a long silence.

"Unless," a muffled voice remarked—"unless they were both plain foolish."

She drew back to look up into his adoring face. "I reckon that's it, dear," she added softly. "We're both of us just plain foolish."

HIS LAST RESOURCE.

Toole Might Have Used It at First, but He Didn't.

J. L. Toole, the English comedian, dearly loved a joke and just as dearly loved the excitement of the gaming table, though he invariably lost. During a holiday that, says an English writer, he and I passed together at Aix-les-Bains he did his best to imperil the good effects of his cure by his constant attendance at the Cercle and the Villa des Fleurs. After a night in which he had been more than usually successful in exhausting the ready cash he carried about him we made our way on the following morning to the little bank in the main street of Aix-les-Bains in order that he might make a fresh draft upon his letter of credit.

But he did not at once reveal to the clerk in charge his serious business intent. Tapping lightly at the closed window of the guichet, he inquired in broken English, which he appeared strangely to believe would be somehow comprehensible to his foreign interlocutor, whether the bank would be prepared to make him a small advance upon a gold headed cane which he carried in his hand. The request, as might be supposed, was somewhat briskly dismissed, and the little window was abruptly closed in his face. Toole retired, apparently deeply dejected by the refusal of his request, but in a few minutes he returned to the attack, having in the meantime provided himself with fresh material for a new financial proposition.

Hastening out into the little market that lay near the bank, he hurriedly purchased from one of the fish stalls a small pike that had been caught in the lake, and, having added to this a bunch of carrots, he returned to the bank, where he carefully arranged these proffered securities on the counter, enforced by the addition of his watch and chain, a threepenny bit and a penknife.

When all was ready he again tapped softly at the window and in a voice that was broken by sobs implored the clerk, in view of his unfortunate position, to accept these ill assorted articles in pledge for the small sum which was needed to save him from starvation.

The clerk, by this time grown indignant, requested him to leave the establishment, explaining to him in emphatic terms and in such English as he could command that they only made advances upon circular notes or letters of credit.

At the last named word Toole's saddened face suddenly broke into smiles and, producing his letter of credit, he handed it to the astonished clerk with the added explanation that he would have offered that at first if he thought the bank cared about it, but that the porter at the hotel had told him he thought that they liked fish better.

Inquiring For John.

The pricking of that soap bubble, pretention, is always an agreeable pastime. In her volume of reminiscences, entitled "As I Remember," Mrs. Gouverneur relates that the son of President Van Buren was generally known as Prince John because he had once danced with Queen Victoria before her accession to the throne and was unable to forget it.

One day Van Buren met on the street James T. Brady, who had recently returned from a visit to England. In a most patronizing manner he inquired whether Brady had seen the queen.

"Certainly," said Mr. Brady, "and under those circumstances. I was walking along the street when by chance the queen's carriage overtook me, and the moment her majesty's eye lighted on me she exclaimed:

"'Hello, Jim Brady! When did you hear from John Van Buren?'"

Well Cured.

During a recent visit of a well known circus to an Ohio town there appeared in the sideshow a countryman of a decidedly inquisitive turn. He made the round of the freaks, to each of whom he put many questions. Finally

"DID YOU EVER HAVE THE DROPSY?"

he came up to the living skeleton, in whom he seemed especially interested.

"Did you ever have the dropsy?" he asked the man of skin and bones.

"Well, hardly," said the freak. "Why do you ask me such a silly question?"

"I jest thought that if you ever had been troubled with the dropsy," explained the rural one, "you was shore the best cured man I ever see."—New York Herald.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

St. Andrew's Church. Holy Communion 8 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. Choir rehearsal Wednesday evening.

CHAS. E RICE,
Pastor in charge

First Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. M. B. Phillips pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m., C. E. Fulmer, Supt. Preaching service 11 a. m. Epworth League 6:45 p. m. Preaching service 7:30 p. m. Prayer service Thursday at 7:30. You are cordially invited to attend these services.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Eighth St., between Oak and Laurel. First reader, Mrs. M. A. Lewis. Services 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12 a. m.; Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

First Congregational Church, Rev. Stephen Smith pastor. Morning service at 11:00, evening service at 7:30. Sunday school at 10:00 a. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6;30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

Ev. Luth. Church.—Until further notice there will be service on the 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month from 11:00 to 12:00 o'clock. Sunday school every Sunday; classes in German and English from 10:00 to 11:00 o'clock.

Treasurer's Notice.

The County Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington, will pay upon presentation at his office in Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, the following warrants and all of prior issue, on said funds:

County General Fund

Warrant No. 136, issued Aug. 31, 1894.

River Improvement Fund

Warrant No. 126, issued October 14, 1910.

General School Funds.

Dist.	2,	warrant	29,	May 27, 1910
"	3,	"	194,	Jan. 5, 1912
"	5,	"	37,	Dec. 8, 1911
"	7,	"	844,	Nov. 24, 1911
"	11,	"	41,	Nov. 29, 1911
"	15,	"	42,	Jan. 5, 1912
"	21,	"	42,	Oct. 19, 1911
"	26,	"	13,	Dec. 5, 1910
"	31,	"	25,	Nov. 15, 1910
"	35,	"	33,	Dec. 28, 1911
"	36,	"	21,	Mch 4, 1911
"	50,	"	14,	Jan. 27, 1911
"	52,	"	83,	Jan. 10, 1912
"	53,	"	25,	Apl. 17, 1911
"	54,	"	43,	Nov. 11, 1911
"	55,	"	34,	June 4, 1911
"	57,	"	29,	Apl. 1, 1911
"	58,	"	4,	Feb. 23, 1911

No interest will be allowed after February 9, 1912.

C. L. Babcock,
Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington.

SEEDS
Fresh, Reliable, Pure
Guaranteed to Please
Every Gardener and Planter should test the superior merits of Our Northern Grown Seeds.
SPECIAL OFFER
FOR 10 CENTS
we will send postpaid our
FAMOUS COLLECTION

1 pkg. 60 Day Tomato	20c
1 pkg. Princess Radish	10c
1 pkg. Self-Growing Celery	20c
1 pkg. Early Arrow-head Cabbage	15c
1 pkg. Fulleton Market Lettuce	10c
Also 12 Varieties Choice Flower Seeds	25c
	$1.00

Write today! Send 10 cents to help pay postage and packing and receive the above "Famous Collection," together with our New and Instructive Garden Guide.
GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO.
1774 Rose St. Rockford, Illinois

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Steam Laundry
James Wooley, Prop.
Let us do your work. We do it right

Chas. F. Morey
Successor to Morey & Wright
Horse Shoeing and
Wagon Repairing
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Chinese Bazaar
Opposite Post Office
China, Silks, Curios, Boxes, Souvenirs,
Best Quality Teas and Rice,
Goods the Best,
Prices Right
Ling Toy, Manager

NATURE'S BEST AND RAREST GIFT TO MANKIND

Continued from page 1.

never thinks of locking the doors when the family goes out for an evening, we have no sleeping porches, but leave our doors and windows open all winter instead.

In our yard is a peach tree that not only held its leaves, but continued to grow, slowly, all the past winter. Clematis vines not only grew all winter, but fall buds blossomed in the spring. Roses don't bloom all the year around; they shed most of their leaves and take a rest—they need it, too, for they've blossomed from May till December. The very tenderest tea roses live through some winters without protection; other winters they will freeze down, and grow up and blossom again the following summer.

People wear light rain coats, and light weight clothing, and oxfords and thin hose, and thin low rubbers when it snows. One of our merchants, a man having grown-up grand-children, walks two blocks to the bay and takes a swim in the salt water every morning, winter and summer; he is an exceptionally early riser and wears nothing but swimming trunks and slippers down and back, whether there be snow in the air or not. One couldn't do that in, say Iowa, for instance.

Its a little too warm in winter. There are some who miss the sun dogs, and the tingling ears, and the crunch of frosty snow underneath, and they will tell you they would prefer to have a little real winter weather. Eighteen years ago the writer spent the month of September at Port Townsend—every day just like the preceding day, simply perfection. His sister-in-law accompanied him home to northeastern Iowa. (Remember, we are trying to tell of our climate in a plain, homely, believable way.) She said she was tired of living in a land where it was always spring, where there were no seasons; she wanted to spend a winter in the East where they have that "dry cold that isn't cold," you know. In about a month she was sleeping down in the middle of a big feather bed, on a couch within four feet of a hard coal burner. It was a well-built house, three thicknesses of lumber and building paper, and plastered, and there were storm windows and doors, and we were burning coal to beat the band. (We are aware that may not sound any more truthful to the Iowan than does our story of life in the Olympic-Leader office—but they are both true for all that.) When the first light snow came the lady couldn't be induced to buy arctics, rubbers were good enough. Later on the thermometer dropped to forty below and the snow was three feet deep; fences went out of sight and the sidewalks were canyons—and it was only an average winter at that.

Its a little too cool here in the summer—that is, for those who enjoy the good old eastern summer. Ninety is the limit, and there are few days over eighty-five. The nights are cool; they are cold. One will have practically the same blankets on his bed in summer as in winter. Probably ninety per cent of the men wear the same woolen underclothes the year around; during the day in summer they don't wear a coat; but then, they don't in the winter either if they are working. Women wear the same thin clothing here that they do in the East, the only difference being that here they are comfortable even in the warmest weather.

OUR HIGH BOARD FENCE.

Port Angeles averages ten degrees warmer in winter and ten degrees cooler in summer than Seattle, according to the weather reports. The reason for this lies in the direction of the trade winds and the shelter afforded by the Olympics. During the summer the trade winds, from the northwest, blow down the strait. From the peaks of Mt. Angeles one will note the first rippling of water at Cape Flattery, as it turns to a darker shade of blue; by eleven or twelve the breeze has reached Port Angeles; by two or three it reaches Port Townsend; by six, just as it is ready to die away and be replaced by the land breeze of night, it reaches Seattle. Many a time we have watched it blowing up the straits and sound. The sea breeze will cool off what otherwise would have been a warm day. The only hot days we have ever spent on the Coast have been while in Seattle.

Southwest trade winds prevail during the winter, and Port Angeles is protected therefrom by its high-board fence—the Olympic mountains. Overhead, and upsound, the clouds will be scudding along under a 20-mile breeze, while here in Angeles smoke rises straight up from the chimneys, and out in the glassy bay each swimming duck leaves a well-defined wake. The upsound country is not thus protected. Storms moving northwestward up the broad valley between the Olympics and the Cascades meet with no resisting barrier. Winter wind, no matter from what direction it may blow, is cool; hence the difference in temperature. Our brief cold snaps, occurring two, three or four times during the winter, are caused by northeast winds.

The southwest trade winds are heavily moisture-laden. On the ocean side of the mountains, and down in southwestern Washington and Oregon, the rainfall is from seven to eight feet a year. On lower Puget Sound it ranges from 55 inches at Olympia to 44 at Tacoma and 36 at Seattle. Along Hood Canal it ranges from 83 inches at Union City to 53 at Bremerton. But from Port Townsend to Port Angeles, on the lee side of the Olympics, the rainfall is from 21 to 30 inches. A less rainfall would make this Garden of Eden a desert; instead of the forest of 200-foot firs, that covers the hills in the back country like grass on the prairie, we would have the sage brush of the interior where the moisture is all but eliminated by the Cascade mountains.

Doubtless there are localities in California that have better winter climate; possibly there are localities that have better summers—if so, they must be super-perfect. But if there is any place in the United States that has an all the year round climate comparable to that of Port Angeles, we have yet to learn of it.

(While certain references are made in the above article to the winter of 1910-11, at the close of which it was written, the description given is sufficiently accurate of the average winter to make a revision unnecessary. This past winter, for instance, while the dispatches have told of people freezing to death in eastern cities, here in Port Angeles we had one snow storm and the surface of the ground was frozen for two weeks. A week ago the papers told of the ground being frozen four feet deep in Indiana, where blasting with dynamite was necessary in digging a grave. At the same time, here in Angeles, the old hen that had stolen away to nest, was leading her downy chicks among the blossoming narcissus, primroses, violets, and daisies on the lawn. Rose and berry bushes were half leaved out; the pink was peeping thru the peach buds, and lilies and all the early perennials had made a surprising growth.)

READS LIKE A VISION OF PROMISED LAND

Noted Author Says Only One Garden Spot on Earth Can Compare With Puget Sound. A Typical February.

The startling contrast between the East and Middle West and Western Washington was never more graphically set forth than by Dr. Von Schierbrand. The doctor, who has been an extensive traveler throughout the world, came to this coast to make a protracted study of the relations of this section to the Orient. He left New York in February, "forty-one inches of snow on the ground and twelve degrees below freezing—eighteen below in Chicago, twenty-four below in St. Paul, thirty-two below in Montana," and not so very cold for those states, at that.

He arrived on the Sound early in the month and found no snow; in fact, we had had absolutely none all winter. He was amazed to find "the most delightful spring weather imaginable. No need of furs, not even a light spring overcoat. A balmy air fanning the cheek, an air moistened by the mellow breath of the deep." He might well have added that in this country, supposedly one of incessant winter rains, there had not been a day—not one—when the sun did not shine for a part of the time at least, and that during most of the time mid-day was too warm for comfort; that sprinklers were needed on the streets, where the little urchins played marbles in the dust; that not only were overcoats not needed, but working men had no use for coats of any kind, as a general thing. He might have written that fall lasted up to the fifteenth of January and that spring began the first of February, that there were but three days when a boy, and a small one at that, could have skated on ice in shallow places, protected from the sun. He might have stated that flowers were in bloom and celery and other vegetables growing all winter long; all this and much more, and yet have been well within bounds of a typical Puget Sound winter.

Instead, he truthfully described that which he personally witnesses, and to one who for a lifetime has been accustomed to severe winters, not knowing there was a country whose winters are not winters, save only those whose terrific summer heat overshadows all else, his story reads like a vision of the promised land. He says:

"Underfoot, velvety lawn of that deep saturated emerald hue which in the entire East is the unattainable ideal of the gardener, even in June. All about, the flowers in bloom—crocuses, tulips, daffodils, daisies, narcissus, primroses, snowdrops, violets, pansies. The soil in the farm-lands yonder ready for plowing and sowing. In the orchards cherry and peach trees shedding the sweet fragrance of their blossoms, and in the gardens boughs were heavy-laden with buds and bourgeons, tender young shoots peeping out between the wealth of purple and pink and gold.

"There is only one garden spot of earth that can compare with the Pacific Coast in point of climate and scenic seduction, and that is the Riviera, that world-famed narrow strip between the Mediterranean Sea and the Maritime Alps, sheltered from every rude wind, and of which Nice, Monte Carlo, and Cannes are the gems. In climate and scenery, yes; but in fertility of soil and in wealth of natural resources this Pacific country far, far outvies the Riviera.

"Everywhere it is climate, soil, intelligent and progressive population, rivers, creeks, lakes, snow-capped mountains with never-failing sources of pure, limpid water, which distinguishes this vast region—so little known as yet east of the Rockies and yet so manifestly designed by providence to play a hugh part in the political, social, and, above all, the economic future of these United States.

"Among the leading points telling in favor of the coming supremacy of the Pacific Northwest is the character of its population. The people are peculiarly and aggressively American, if by American is meant not only race, but racial characteristics—manliness, sturdy independence, energy, enterprise, frankness in word and deed, progressiveness, adaptability to novel conditions and surroundings. In short, a people representing the living embodiment of the 'American idea.'

"There is no race suicide here. Families are large, thrifty, strong in mind and body. The equable climate, the possibility of leading an open-air life all the year through, make the average health wonderfully robust, the mortality singularly low, a remark which applies with special force to the women. There is no nervous debility here; roses bloom in the cheeks of maiden and matron, as roses also perennially bloom in their front gardens. There is an opulence of health and vigor about these North Pacific women which speaks well for the future of their offspring. The people, withal, are of an astonishingly high level of culture, sociable, hospitable, courteous, of the 'live-and-let-live' type. The Pacific Coast possesses in fact all the conditions required to build up the grandest race of men and women known in history."

SANITARIUM FOR BRAIN WORKERS

Dr. Chas. E. Woodruff, of the United States Army, says the Los Angeles, Calif., Times, advances and abundantly supports the theory that "the climate of Puget Sound, where the sun's rays strike the earth at a larger angle from the zenith, and where the glaring light is diffused by light, fleecy clouds during a part of the year, is the ideal sanitarium for the sufferer from neurasthenia, that disease which the stress of modern life brings to the brightest and strongest men of affairs in every walk of life. The tired brain worker, on the eve of nervous prostration, the captain of industry, who is going to pieces under the stress of the fierce life of business competition he is leading, can here find rest for their shattered nerves, that blissful, dreamless slumber which he can find nowhere else on this continent, save in the Pacific Nothwest.

"It is not the fog," says the Los Angeles Times, "for fogs are far rarer on Puget Sound than in Los Angeles, but in the higher latitude, that, as Major Woodruff proves, the sufferer from nervous disorders can find rest and ultimate cure.

"No one who has witnessed the marvelous strides which the Puget Sound country has made within the past decade, can question the fact that the people have all the enterprise, and all the nervous energy to be found anywhere. All that has been said about the strenuosity of American life applies as to other American cities. But it is all accomplished without that feverish bustle, that surface hurry, that apparent excitement which is seen in many places. It is not a land of lotus-eaters, by any means, but it is a land and a climate wherein nervous diseases do not appear; where insomnia is almost a stranger; where cares sit lightly, and the laugh is close to the surface. Worry is not deeply lining the face of the man who is carrying a heavy load. He works as hard, thinks as quickly, and takes as many chances as men of his type do anywhere and he plays for as big stakes. But he sleeps and he rests."

HAS THE PUREST, COOLEST WATER

"In my twenty-five years' practice in Port Angeles I have never known of a case of typhoid in the city," said Dr. F. S. Lewis, recently, which statement he afterward qualified by citing an instance where the patient acquired a fever just before leaving Alaska. Where in the eastern states could a town of like size, or of any size, be found, of which a similar statement could be made,

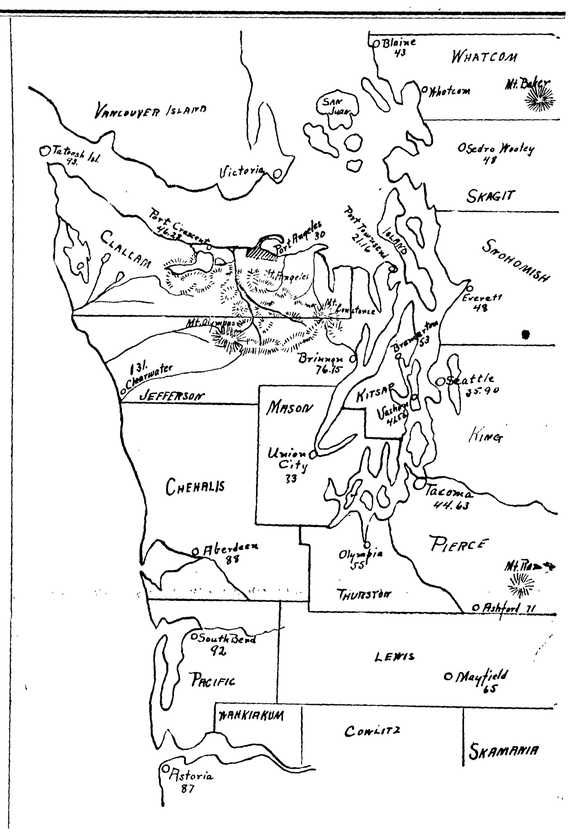
Seven miles from town—less than two hours' walk from the end of the trail at the base of Mount Angeles to the salt water of the Strait—lie immense snow fields, an unfailing source of water supply, not only for the streams, but for thousands of springs.

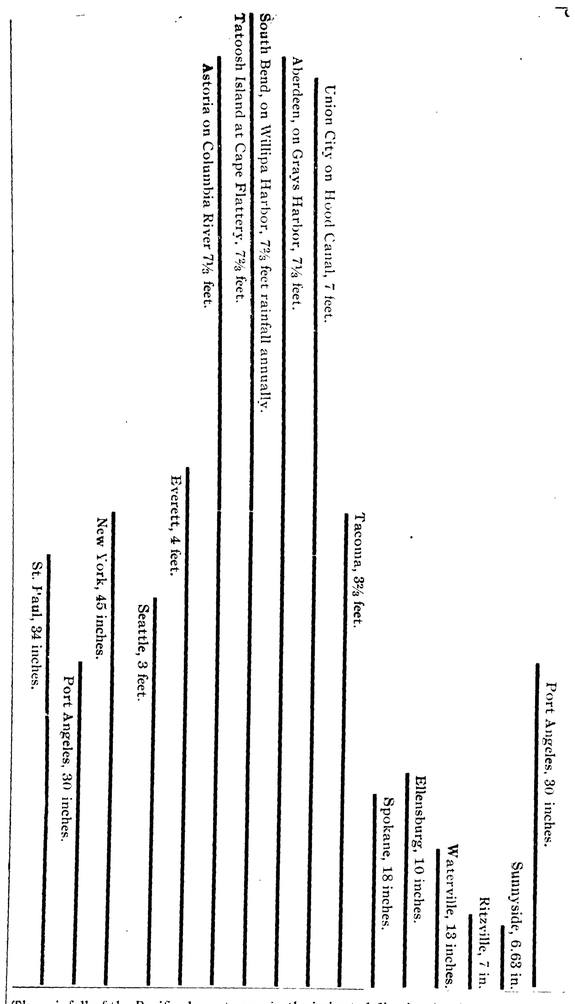
The alkali water of the East is unknown. Pools do not become green-coated and vile-smelling. Water everywhere is good to drink. The old oaken bucket is still a common sight in the wells in town and country. There are a thousand springs—perhaps ten thousand, for no man could count them—along the water front, the ravines, and even on the hill tops, all within the city. Many people have their own water systems, a spring always flowing through their yards, and many others could have them. Mills and canneries, the brewery, the fish products and cold storage plant, the stone saw mill, have their own systems and there is enough for all. The city water system supplies the purest on earth—it simply flows in the upper end of a main, from a dam in a mountain stream. The stream has its source in the snow fields lying between the peaks, and as the heavily timbered valley it flows through, if a stream that tumbles over a constant succession of waterfalls throughout its course can be said to flow, is included within the Olympic National Forest—being reserved from settlement, there is no possible opportunity for contamination.

INCONTROVERTIBLE EVIDENCE

The report of the surgeon general of the regular army shows conclusively that the contention of the people of the Puget Sound country is correct. The soldiers are placed under exactly identical conditions as to everything except climatic factors. The startling fact is thus brought out that those regions which popular opinion consider the best, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico and Utah, have the greatest amount of sickness, while Washington posts have the least.

California is in the middle of the list, having the same average as the whole country. Dakota, Texas and the East have better rates than California, while the Southern states, the Lake region and the plains have worse.





The rainfall of the Pacific slope, towns in the irrigated districts in the central part of the state, and the wheat country of the eastern portion where two years' rains are required to raise a crop. Compare them with the annual rainfall of the state in which you live. St. Paul, 34 inches, is a very fair average for the Middle West. Eliminate the rain which falls during two or three of the severe electrical storms (which do not occur here) and you will have a close approximation to the rainfall of Port Angeles.

35 CENT
SHIRT SALE

Work Shirts, Dress Shirts, Shirts with Collars, Shirts without Collars, Blue Shirts, Black Shirts, Chambrie Shirts, Whipcord Shirts, Black Denim Blue Denim Shirts, Gingham Shirts of all Colors.

Take 3
You Get Them For $1
They are Worth 50c, 75c, and $1.00

Times Clothing Mart
R. A. Muskett

P. S. Since writing this we have received 50 Ladies Skirts to sell at Half Price. Ladies you should call and see them.
Miss Connie Hoare.

Bankrupt Sale !

The Gray Stock of Groceries is Being Sold at Half Price to Close Out Within One Week.

Team, Harness, Wagon, Fixtures, Scales, all Go at Half Price.

Everything Must Be Sold, and Sold Quickly.

To Whom it May Concern

and that will catch some of you, won't it?

Most of you know I have been boycotted and locked out.

BY WHO?

That's an easy example, isn't it? Am I going to close my doors? No! Inside of 60 days there will be a stock larger than ever. And the price you know

Won't Be in Latin!

McBurneys Cash Feed Store
Call Phone 45

Hearts and Cherries Much in Evidence

Social functions of all kinds have been in order the past two weeks as many have pledged themselves to a strict observance of lent and will deny themselves all social pleasures during the next forty days.

Rev. Rice and wife, assisted by members of the church, had a party for the Sunday school children at the Parish hall Monday afternoon. It was a perfect day and the children had a very happy time.

The young ladies of the Makeagoal club gave a dance in the Parish hall Tuesday evening as a farewell to all gaities until after lent. The crowd was just right, the music excellent and everyone in the mood for a jolly good time. The hall was prettily festooned in evergreens.

The entertainment and dance given Friday evening in the Parish hall under the auspices of the St. Margaret Guild was well attended and everyone had a most enjoyable evening. The young ladies of the guild wish to thank all who so kindly assisted in making the entertainment a success and especially those who furnished the musical program, which added so much to the evening's pleasure.

Sixteen of the girl and boy friends of little Dorothy Brown were invited to enjoy a valentine party with her last Saturday afternoon. The house was prettily decorated in hearts and valentines and Miss Dorothy herself was "costumed in hearts." After a merry hunt for peanuts the prize for finding the most was given to Charles Webster. Then all tried their skill at pinning on the donkey's tail and Alice McKee was consoled with the prize for getting the tail farthest away from the donkey. The dining table was probably the most attractive of anything, the refreshments looking almost too pretty to eat. There were heart shaped cookies and candies, with quantities of other good things to make glad the hearts of little girls and boys.

One of the prettiest parties of the many given in the past few weeks, was that on Tuesday afternoon, when Mrs. F. A. Jensen and Mrs. Meredith entertained at the former's home in honor of Mrs. Cooper, Mr. Meredith's sister. On account of the near approach of Washington's birthday, the house was very artistically decorated in red, white and blue and the sweet perfume of the scarlet carnations filled the air. The five hundred score cards were stamped with the American flag, as were also the dainty crepe paper table covers. The napkins were decorated in cherries, and the daintily served refreshments were also very suggestive of our national holiday. The highest scores at cards were made by Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Luppen and Mrs. Al. Jensen; the two former were awarded sterling silver souvenir spoons and the latter a cup and saucer. Mrs. A. H. Thompson received the consolation and Mrs. Cooper was also presented with a guest's prize. Everyone present enjoyed a very delightful afternoon.

On Lincoln Heights

February 14th, 1900, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Filion were the recipients of the most valuable valentine of their lives—a baby girl, who was named Esther. The 14th of the present month being her twelfth anniversary, her parents gave her a valentine birthday party inviting a number of her girl friends to a five o'clock dinner. The table was beautifully decorated with red hearts; the place cards were of the same design, which was also used in shaping the pastry. A lovely birthday cake, ornamented with twelve candles of various colors, occupied the center of the table and was surrounded by fruits, nuts, candies and many other tempting viands. Games, music and social conversation occupied the evening until 9 p.m., when the girls, leaving many beautiful presents with Esther, bade her a "good night" wishing her many more happy anniversaries. Those present were as follows: Vera Burgmann, Callie Conrad, Esther Erickson, Lydia Hadley Lela Epperson, Beryl Filion, Bessie Vitale, Edna Cook, Edith Law, Clara Grossman, Ruby Ellis, Jessie Ferguson, Marilla Hopf, Nettie Dippold, Ina Pollock, Lila Filion.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Epperson was the scene of a quiet wedding Saturday evening when Miss Flossie become the wife of Henry Jackson. Their friends wish them a happy prosperous life.

THE CITY NEWS

Senior Captain Danwoodie and Mr. Pedrick, chief of engineers, were here this week from Port Townsend for inspection of the Snohomish. They were guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Herman Wolf at dinner Tuesday evening. The Tahoma is doing service at Neah Bay while the Snohomish is in port.

All members of the Women's Auxiliary are requested to pay up their dues before the expiration of the year in April. Dues may be left with Secretary Cosser, but please enclose same in envelope with the amount and your name written on envelope.

Mrs. J. J. MacKechnie officiated as the supply teacher in Miss Ross' room, Lincoln Heights schools, Monday and Tuesday, while Miss Ross held a similar position in Prof. Fleming's room, when that gentleman was absent in Seattle.

In a letter to J. Lloyd Aldwell, Congressman Warburton states that the bill for the sale of Port Angeles reserve lots has been referred to a subcommittee from which he believes it will be reported favorably in a short time

The next whist tournament is to be given March 8th. Anyone wishing to donate a prize for same will notify one of the officers of the Auxiliary, as any prizes will be gratefully received.

Sealshipt solid meat oysters are infinitely better than caneed oysters and costs less. A pint of Sealshipts contains as many oysters as a quart can. City Fish Market.

If anyone cares to go into business see Gray's. for they will sell team, wagon, fixtures, up-to-date scales, and modern appliances for half their cost price.

We still have a few splendid styles in children's and ladies' felt hats which we want to close out and will sell from 25c to 45c. The Hat Shop.

A pint of Sealshipt contains more Oysters than the ordinary quart can and costs less. 5oc per pint solid meats, enough for an ordinary family City Fish Market.

The Socialist lecture by Kate Richards O'Hara has been postponed, a telegram received yesterday stating that she is ill at Salem, Oregon, and must have a month's rest.

An order of young apple and pear trees, recently purchased from the Carter Nursery, costing $7.50, will be sold for $5.00. Garfield Davis.

Frank Wescott of the Gate City Machine Shops, is in Seattle during the dull season doing expert work in one of the big shops there.

Poultry wire for chicken fences and light fences of all kinds at extremely low prices. Christophersen & Leland.

Go to Morey's for your blacksmithing; they do it right.

Wood and bark for sale; call up No. 7.

FAIRVIEW

Mrs. Bohall and children and Mrs. Al Kilmer, all of Dry Creek, spent one night with their family here last week.

Phillip McCumber has gone out to the Sturdevant-Pelleran mill to work.

John and Lottie Winters spent Sunday at the Emery home in Blue Mountain.

Jack Kilmer is hauling hay for Cliff Thompson this week.

Nice parsnips for sale, 'phone Black 001.

Francis Chambers spent the week at the Babcock home.

Mr. Hebizer who is in poor health has gone up sound for a few weeks.

FOR SALE,
Thorough Bred Poultry.
Pen of Barred Rocks, five pullets and one cock; also same number of White Wyandottes, and some others of common stock. All young and laying. A. D. Wolverton,
7th and Oak, City. Phone x127.

E. W. Merrill & Co.

LAWNS

They add an attraction to any home, large or small.

We have Lawn Grass Seed in different size packages.

We can give you information regarding the making and keeping up of a lawn.

Rose Bushes

Call and talk over about some of the new ones.

We will be glad to receive your order for shrubs of all kinds and will take pains to satisfy you.

E. W. Merrill & Co.

Mathewson's Drug Store
for anything you need in the line of
Rubber Goods
The stock is as complete as that found in many of the large city stores and at prices that are right.
SEE DISPLAY WINDOW.
PHONE 28

Angeles Electrical Supply Co.
Contractors and Jobbers in All Lines of Electrical Work

Call on us for bids before wiring your new house, or making additions or repairs to your present lights.
We carry a complete line of electrical supplies, Chandeliers, Globes, Portable Lights, Irons, Flash Lights, and everything made in this line.

Angeles Electrical Supply Co.
Next Door to Post Office

GATE CITY MACHINE COMPANY
Does all kinds of Repair Work and carry a full line of Shafting and Mill Supplies, Motor Boat Supplies, Batteries, Oils, Magnetos.
Everything in the Repair Line you will find here.
AGENTS FOR THE JACKSON AUTOMOBILE
No hill too steep and no sand too deep for this car to negotiate. Thus you see it has ample power. We guarantee absolute silence.
If you are contemplating buying a car this season give us a call.
We can furnish you nearly any kind of engine for your motor boat at a price that will please you.

THE PRESIDENT'S GOAT TRUST

From page 5.

the wool-bill goat and the free-list goat and several other consanguineous goats, all of which would have ceased to be Republican goats and would have become Democratic goats had the President transferred titles by signing the bills creating them; but the Republicans wanted all the goats there are and took these over promptly. They are still in the enclosure, and some more of the same flock are likely to be added before the present session of Congress is over.

Tariff goats are favored highly by the Republican collectors. The Tariff Board goat is the exclusive property of that organization, and though it is strictly a Republican goat it may be said to have duplex characteristics, for although it is a Republican goat in the sense of ownership it will also be used as a goat by the Republicans in the latter-day sense of the word goat. Still the Democrats in the House, considering the Tariff Board goat as too much of a goat, may stop its rations, and and when it comes to the final accounting the Tariff Board goat may be but a memory, unless, perchance, it persists in keeping alive on its own statistics, of which there are plenty to sustain a large flock of goats a long time.

There are plenty more, including the celebrated Norton patronage-letter goat, but these will undoubtedly suffice to prove the contention that when it comes to Goat Trusts the Republican Party is the greatest Goat Trust that ever was—The Goat Trust. They have gathered all the goats, and by their goats they shall be judged.

And, by way of a little forehanded judgment, the Republicans in the Seventh Kansas District a time ago took a whack at it and sent to Congress a Democrat to take the seat left vacant, by the death of Representative Madison. Madison was a Republican who won by about forty-eight hundred votes in the election of 1910. There were minor and local reasons for this victory by the Democrats, of course, but it had been plainly stated to the voters not only by the Republican, but by the Democrat orators, just what a Democratic victory would mean. It was pointed out that a repudiation of the regular Republican candidate would be held to be in a way, a repudiation of the Taft Administration, but the voters did not seem to mind that, and they went ahead and repudiated.

Moreover, the Democrats have won in about every special congressional election held since Mr. Taft became president, or, to be closer to the real cause, since he signed the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Law and defended it; and there have been great Democratic gains in other sections. The real facts of the situation are that the Republicans of this country are largely progressive, not to the sense of being tied to any particular exemplar of the progressive movement, but really progressive and sincere in their demands for a change in existing conditions. They are not in sympathy with their leaders and mistrust them. They are voting the Democratic ticket and will keep on voting it, not because they are Democrats or have been converted to Democratic principles, but as a lesson and a warning and a punishment for the Republican party, and as a protest. Or they are staying away from the polls altogether and getting satisfactory results that way.

The strength of the Democratic party since the election of 1910 is much more apparent than it is real. The Democratic party has gained no considerable number of recruits. Its seeming additional strength has come almost entirely from this spirit of protest in the Republican party and from the differences between the Standpatters and the Progressives. The Progressives are determined the party shall be reorganized, readjusted and revived. They are in active revolution, not against the Republican party per se, but against the men who have been in control of that party for many years. The easiest and most feasible way to get results that will be great enough to impress the sodden standpat intelligences of these old leaders seems to be to elect Democrats. They are getting in the habit of that, and it will be mighty hard to change them before the presidential election.

TWO OF ANGELES' GREATEST NEEDS

Two of the greatest needs of Port Angeles are suitable roads in and out of town and a cleaner city. The effort to have good road connection to the west end of the county is of importance second only to having a a railroad. In fact, it is a question whether or not good roads throughout the county would not mean fully as much at this time as a railway connection. We must have the trade of the surrounding country if we expect to increase in wealth and population to any great extent within the next ten years. To get the trade of this territory, Port Angeles must have a highway to the West End. Our merchants would get a large trade from the districts with good roads. The people of that section are already knocking at our doors for an opportunity to trade here and Port Angeles should make a long and hard pull to get the proposed direct road to the West End. Besides the value of the farming lands of the West End ranches would be greatly increased. There is not a foot of land along or adjacent to this proposed road that would not not be enhanced many times its present value and what good roads have done for other sections of the country would be equally true to Clallam county.

The matter of cleaning up Port Angeles as soon as the rainy season is over is another one of vital importance, and we suggest that the women's clubs of the city, all of them, working jointly together, take up the matter for discussion and action, secure in the faith that whatever plan they volunteer and endorse will meet with favor and success. By uniting on a certain day or days, as has been done in the past, and make of them "clean-up-days," and request the business men to give a half holiday now and then, will do the business. Ask the city to furnish teams to remove the rubbish gathered, and get busy among the property owners, especially the vacant lot owners, seeing that all available men are at work. Two or three half days, all hands working, would make Port Angeles the cleanest spot on the map. After that an ordinance could easily be enforced against the dumping of cans, papers and other litter in back yards, alleys and on vacant lots. This plan, or some similar one, is worth trying, and we know the ladies are the only ones to successfully carry it through. Let us begin now to get ready for the Rose Festival in July with a cleaner city.

WHERE CAN A LOGGER LEGALLY VOTE?

Guy Rosekrans of Aberdeen and Jesse Havens, assistant postmaster of Hoquiam, indicted for alleged Census frauds, are to be tried March 5th. The names which are alleged to have been frauds, were secured by special census takers, under the employ of the commercial organizations, and these names were accepted, so it is alleged, by the enumerators. In many instances, the reports show as many as 25 men living in a seven room house in certain parts of the city.

During a visit to the harbor, Special enumerator Kelly of Tacoma, informed members of the commercial organizations that loggers, who worked in the woods in the vicinity of the cities, should be credited to the population of the city where they lived when at home, and it was for securing and enumerating many of these men, that Havens was indicted.

The case is one which will attract considerable attention. If a logger cannot be enumerated where he is working, can he vote legally, and his vote be counted, when away from home working? If he cannot be enumerated he is certainly not a resident of that locality, therefore not entitled to vote.

The Aberdeen Herald of the 16th says that Anna Agnes Maley delivered a fine address on Socialism in that city to an audience of 800 people. People outside of Angeles seem to be interested in the Socialistic propaganda.

PASSED UP TILL NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT

There was a goodly attendance of interested parties at the Commercial Club meeting Wednesday night, but owing to the absence of the leaders of the Good Roads and Power Celebration ideas, little was said along these lines, and the subjects, together with a scheme of the Ladies for a Rose Carnival in July and a 2nd Annual Exhibit for October were passed up to the session next Wednesday, which is the regular club meeting. It possible some additional railroad mattres will be brought up at that time also. There were a number of ladies present.

Mr. G. V. Smith and Engineer FitzHenry spoke on the question of good roads and its importance, and called attention to certain laws under which improvements can be made. Under one of these laws Mr. FitzHenry stated the county would let a contract March 5th.

Mrs. Webster addressed the club on the intention of the Auxiliary ladies to provide for a free public library, providing they can get the use of the Club rooms for the purpose. The ladies have funds available for cases and have books on hand and promised which will make the library popular from the start.

Upon motion from G. V. Smith the ladies were given the privilege of using the Club rooms for library purposes.

Dr. Hyde spoke in behalf of the idea and thought the ladies should be given every encouragement.

Mr. Smith moved that the Secretary be directed to write the leading coast papers for copies for the reading rooms. Carried.

Ray Haynes spoke of the city getting one of the government blocks for city purposes, and for the establishment this time of a civic center. This brought out quite a discussion on both subjects, but no action was taken.

The ladies spoke for a night with the Club to present a scheme for a Rose Carnival July 4th, which was enthusiastically received and the question made a special order for the next club meeting.

The Club then adjourned.

QUILCENE MEGAPHONE WANTS TO KNOW

Once more the Megaphone will enquire about the proposed ferry across Hood Canal, of which so much hollering was done by Olympic Peninsula commercial clubs some months ago. It was one of the most valuable schemes for bringing tourists here of anything that could be devised. The silence on the matter is becoming painful.

The city council of Port Townsend virtually turned down the Morrow rail road proposition Tuesday evening insofar as using the streets of that city for railroad purposes are concerned. The Daily Leader says the council granted the franchise asked for with a few changes, but neglected to state that these changes are vital. The Leader says: "These changes were limited to cutting down the grant on Front street to the northerly half of that thoroughfare, instead of the whole street, as provided in the original draft, together with the northerly half of Water St. after the line granted on Front St. swings into Water at Pierce. The same provision is made on Washington street. * * * Thus the city council cut down by one-half the use of the streets granted in the franchise."

During the four months that the workman's compensation act has been in effect, or from October 1 to February 1, the industrial insurance commission has passed upon 2,700 claims. Of this number 1,500 have been ajusted and 1,200 disallowed, waived or are in process of adjustment. During the same period the commission has collected $428,000, of which it has paid out in claims $57,000. The balance in the fund is $370,000, while there is invested in 5 per cent reserves $62,716.

The Sequim Press says that J. M. Grant is getting ready to build a dry house on his place in which to dry spruce and fir cones for shipment. There appears to be a good demand for them in other countries for forest planting and Mr. Grant will make a business of shipping them. The dry house will be 25x52 ft.

Summons for Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.
Holt & Jeffery, Inc., plaintiff, vs E. F. Gierin, and Mrs. E. F. Gierin, his wife, defendants.
The State of Washington to the said E. F. Gierin, and Mrs. E. F Gierin, his wife, defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after 2nd day of February, 1912, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of this action is to secure judgment against the defendants for the sum of Eight Hundred and Sixty-five Dollars and 26-100 ($865.26) together with interest and costs including an attorney's fee of $150 00, and to foreclose a lien for said amount against certain real estate owned by defendants, to-wit: the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section seventeen, in township thirty, north of range three, west of Willamette Meridian, situated in Clallam county, State of Washington.

PRESTON & THORGRIMSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Post office address: 605 Lowman Building, Seattle, King County, Washington,
Date of first publication February 2nd, 1912.

SUMMONS

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
C. C. Deiffenbach, Plaintiff, vs A. L. Jaffe and Jane Doe Jaffe, his wife, Defendants
The State of Washington to the said A. L. Jaffe and Jane Doe Jaffe, his wife, Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 2nd day of February, 1912, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

That the object of this action is to recover a judgment in the sum of Fifty Dollars ($50.00) and costs, and to subject to the payment of such judgment lots 7 and 8 of Elmer E. Day's Subdivision of lots 12 and 13 of Sec. 30, Twp. 30 N R. 9 W.W.M. in Clallam county, Washington, which real estate has been attached herein.

TRUMBULL & TRUMBULL,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. Address: Aldwell Block, Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington.

City Warrant Call

The City Treasurer of the city of Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, will pay on presentation at his office the following warrants and coupons and all of prior issue:

Current Expense Fund warrants to 5950 inclusive.

Lighting Fund warrants to 1205 inclusive.

General Indebtedness Fund, B 1-289 inclusive.

Cemetery Fund warrants to 1763.

No interest will be allowed on above warrants after January 19, 1912.

P. E. GRAVES,
City Treasurer

CAMPBELL & SOLTAU
CIVIL ENGINEERS
Phone 208 *Aldwell Block.*

WHEN IN SEATTLE
Stop At
HOTEL NORTHERN
best Rooms in City. Private Baths.
Hot and Cold Water. Phones.
$25,000 just expended in improvements.
Free Buss. Central Location.
Rates 75c and upward.

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.
See him for
Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information
Cheerfully Given
Special care given property of non-residents
Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.

$4.50 BARGAIN DAY $4.50
Seattle Post-Intelligencer
February 28, 1912
Remarkable Subscription Offer—
Daily and Sunday Post-Intelligencer for one full year for $4.50

OFFER No. 1
Regular Price
Post-Intelligencer $6.00
Webster's New Illustrated, Limp Leather Dictionary.. 4.00
Total Regular Price...$10.00
Bargain Day Price $5.75

OFFER No. 2
Regular Price
Post-Intelligencer $6.00
Ladies' World, mo. .50
The Westerner.... .50
Total Reg. Price, $7.00
Bargain Day Price $5.00

OFFER No. 3
Regular Price / Bargain Day Price
Post-Intelligencer, daily and Sunday $6.00 / $4.50
Daily, without Sunday ..... 4.00 / 3.50
Sunday only ..... 2.50 / 2.00

All the above offers are for subscriptions to go by mail ONLY.

Take advantage of this splendid offer NOW. Get the news of the world EVERY DAY at this extraordinarily low price. Secure blanks from postmaster or agents.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale of Real and Personal Property.

Cause No. 2637.
In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County
Chas. H. Singhouse vs Clallam County Shingle Company.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the Superior Court, of the State of Washington, holding terms at Port Angeles, Wash., in and for the county of Clallam, on the 22nd day of January A. D. 1912, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 13th day of January 1912, in favor of said Chas. H. Singhouse, said plaintiff and against the above named defendant, in the sum of $202 00 together with attorney's fees, costs, interest, and accruing costs, and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell the following described property to satisfy said judgment, to-wit:

That certain leasehold right to a certain three acres, being part of the Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter of Section 18 in Township 30 in North Range 7 West of Willamette Meridian, situated in Clallam county, State of Washington. Said three acres commencing at a point 300 feet west of where the Edwards Road turns west, thence running in a westerly direction along said road 400 feet, thence running southerly 400 feet, thence running easterly 400 feet, thence northerly 400 feet to the place of beginning, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon

Now Therefore notice is hereby given That on the Saturday February 24th, 1912, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, together with attorneys fees, interests and costs and accuring costs, in all amounting to the sum of Two Hundred Thirty-six 35-100 Dollars. Said sale will take place at the court house door, at Port Angeles, Clallam county, said state, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand at the highest bidder.

Dated January 24th, 1912.
JAS. GALLAGHER, Sheriff.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

Cause No. 2643.
In the Superior Court for the State of Washington for Clallam county
W. B. Main plaintiff, vs. Hans Dudler defendant.

Under and by virtue of an Order of Sale or Special Execution issued out of and under the seal of the Superior Court of State of Washington, holding terms at Port Angeles, in and for said county, on the 22nd day of January, A. D., 1912, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 12th day of January, A. D., 1912, in favor of W. B. Main and against Hans Dudler for the sum of Three Hundred Ninety-seven and 47-100 Dollars, together with attorney's fees, interest, costs and increased costs, and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell the following described property to satisfy said judgment, to-wit:

Lot one (1) section thirty-six (36), township thirty (30) north range three (3) W.W.M, all in Clallam county, State of Washington.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given, That on Saturday, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, together with attorney's fees, interest, costs and increased costs, in all amounting to the sum of Four Hundred Thirty 29 100 Dollars.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the court house at Port Angeles in said county and State, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Wash., this 23rd day of January, A. D., 1912.
JAS. R. GALLAGHER, Sheriff.

TIN SHOP
All kinds of Sheet Metal and Repair Work.
A. B. MITCHELL

LEWIS LEVY
Real Estate Broker
City Property
Timber Lands
Ranches
Summer Homes on Scenic Lake Crescent

WEEKS ABSTRACT Co.
Our Patent Card System Assures Information accurate and up to The Hour
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE
Order from us for
QUICK, COMPETENT SERVICE
All the Records are in Our Office
BLUE PRINTS and MAPS
PORT ANGELES WASH.

SEEDS
BUCKBEE'S SEEDS SUCCEED!
SPECIAL OFFER:
Made to build New Business. A trial will make you our permanent customer.
Prize Collection Radish, 17 varieties; Lettuce, 12 kinds; Tomatoes, 11 the finest; Turnip, 7 splendid; Onion, 8 best varieties; 10 Spring-flowering Bulbs—65 varieties in all.
GUARANTEED TO PLEASE.
Write to-day; Mention this Paper.
SEND 10 CENTS
to cover postage and packing and receive this valuable collection of Seeds postpaid, together with my big Instructive, Beautiful Seed and Plant Book, tells all about the Best varieties of Seeds, Plants, etc.
H. W. Buckbee, 1774 BUCKBEE STREET ROCKFORD, ILL.

McKee & LaFlower
FUNERAL DIRECTORS and Embalmers
Phones: LaFlower 108; McKee 105
LADY ATTENDANTS

Local W. C. T. U. Column

Edited by the Local Union.

ALCOHOL HURTS THE MEMORY

Every person who drinks alcohol to excess, says Dr. Alexander Lambert in an article in Success Magazine, will not show every form of mental deterioration that may be produced by excessive indulgence, and the degree of deterioration in intelligence which goes to make up the sum total of mentality varies greatly in different individuals. All who drink alcohol to excess, however, show some diminuation in their judgment. Judgment means the power of recalling various memories of perceptions through the senses, which have come in from the outside world, memories of ideas, memories of emotions, and all the complicated association of ideas that these bring up, and in the recalling of them weigh each one with the other and judge of the value between them. This also means reasoning and decision for action. This power of reasoning and judging is weakened in the alcoholic, and in any brain long poisoned by alcohol it is an impossibility to exercise it. Memory itself is also weakened. There is excessive forgetfulness of the recent past, and in some cases of advanced alcoholism there is absolute forgetfulness of wide gaps of years; a man may be unable to remember anything, from the last five minutes back for twenty years, and then remember back to childhood. The memories of childhood are more easily stamped on the brain than are those of adult life, both because it takes less to impress a child and because there is not the complexity of ideas crowding into the brain, nor the complexity of association of ideas to be recorded. Therefore the memories of childhood make a deeper impression and last longer, and so the complex memories of the adult are the first to be forgotten in the alcoholic, and those of childhood remain.

Wise men mingle mirth with their cares, as a help either to forget or overcome them; but to resort to intoxication for the ease of one's mind is to cure melancholy by madness. — Charron.

Whiskey is one of the few agencies of degeneracy we have left. Opium is controlled; cocaine is banned; gambling is prohibited among the poor; bigamy isn't popular; lynching is tabooed —why, scarcely anything remains to give the young man diversion from the cares of business, the advantage of his rivals!

Governor Folk of Missouri, according to Lincoln Steffens, gave up the use of tobacco when he became governor for the sake of his influence upon theyouth of the state.

Drunkenness takes away the man and leaves only the brute; it dethrones reason from its seat; stupefies conscience; ruinshealth; wastes property; covers the wretch with rags; reduces wife and children to want and beggary and gives such power to appetite that physically, as well as morally, it is next to impossible to cure it.--W. Jay.

LODGE NOTICES

F. O. E.—Port Angeles, No. 483, F.O.E., meets every Saturday evening at Haning Hall. Visitors cordially invited.

A. H. House, W. P.
E. R. Gehrke, Sec.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.

William B. Ritchie, Exalted Ruler
Conrad Luppen, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall.

E. H. Finch, N. G.; W. B. Rogers, V. G.; C. E. Gordon, Rec. Sec.; J. E. Bigelow; Fin'l Sec.; E. A. Prickett, Treas.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in Haning Hal Visiting neighbors always welcome.

C. E. Shields, Consul.
C. E. Taft, Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

E. P. Boyd, C. C.
R. A. Martin, Clerk.

Notes from the High School

At the last meeting of the High School Athletic Association the following officers were elected for the second semester of this year: James Lotzgesell, secretary; Herman Swanson, vice president; John Lotzgesell, property man. The superintendent and Principal of High School are ex-officio president and treasurer.

A neat looking invitation devised by the pupils themselves, announces a patriotic program to be given in the Congregational church by the pupils of fifth and sixth grades Central, Boyd Edgar, teacher. The program will consist of songs, essays, readings and recitations in honor of the five famous men whose birthdays are celebrated this month, namely: Washington, Lincoln, Longfellow, Dickens and Lowell. In response to roll call each pupil will give a selection by or about one of these men.

The Philomathea Literary Society of the High School will give a public program Friday evening, March 15th, in opera house. In line with the endeavor throughout the western states in business and social circles to create local pride and love of home surroundings the teachers have made an endeavor to teach civics pride and local patriotism in the general work. This feature will also appear in the public program. The following program will be rendered:

Song, High School Glee Club.
Oration, Fred Wescott.
Reading, Alice Beam.
Song, High School Glee Club.
Comedy—The Courtship of Miles Standish. Characters: Duane Hadley, Leah Babcock; Priscilla, Laura Bradbury; Miles Standish, Ross McKechnie; John Alden, Charles Beam; Soldiers, Indians, Puritan women.
Song, Double quartette.
Pantomime—Miss Freshmore Entertains. The participants: Jeanette Broughton, Vivian Stovel, Percy Bork, Guy Hopf, Joe Harley, Willie Weeks.
Song, High School Glee Club.

The following is the elected staff for the Tum-Tum, The High School Annual:

Editor in chief, Ross McKechnie.
Assistants, Paul Farmer and Anna Hooker.
Businesss Manager, James Lotzgesell.
Assistant, Duane Allen.
Athletics, Nell Morse and Herman Swanson.
Society, Athlene Fisher and Jeanette Broughton.
Jokes, Fred Wescott and Alice Beam.
Alumni, Clark Davis and Marie Allen.
Literary Editor, Gertrude Wilson.

WHITE LEGHORN ECGS

For Hatching.

Rose and single combs, 15 for $1. None better. H. C. Miller, box 6.

FOR SALE.

Several thoroughbred Orpington roosters. Cash, or exchange for other fowls. Enquire phone 96, or J.J.MacKechnie, 8th and Lincoln Sts.

One-horse wagon, plow and harness for sale. Enquire 14th & Oak. tf

Call for Bids.

Notice is hereb given that sealed bids will be received up to the hour of four o'clock p. m Tuesday, March 12th, 1912, at the City Clerk's office in the city of Port Angeles, for the supplying of Material and Supplies for the installation of a street lighting system for the City of Port Angeles, as per plans and specifications now on file in City Clerk's office. All supplies and material must be bid on basis of F. O. B. dock, Port Angeles.

A certified check equal to 5 per cent of the amount of the bid must accompany each and every bid.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any and or all bids.

Dated this 21st day of February, 1912.

C. E. SHIELDS,
3t City Clerk.

HALL & CO.

contractors of

Concrete & Cement Work

Phone 65 Port Angeles

About People of Local Interest

A quiet wedding was solemnized last Saturday evening, February 17th, at 9:00 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Epperson, Lincoln Heights, when Rev. Phillips of the Methodist Church joined in the holy bonds of matrimony Mr. Henry W. Jackson and Miss Flossie E. Epperson, at which only the immediate family were present. The Olympic-Leader joins with their many friends in congratulations and best wishes.

C. J. Farmer has purchased a lot near the A.A.A. Hall on Fourth street and is having the same cleared with the intention of building a telephone exchange there later on. Ray Haynes has his lots in the same same block nearly cleared, and it is certainly making a great improvement in the looks of the street. Other lots have been sold in the same block recently, and it is hoped they will soon be cleared.

Mrs. A. A. Smith is enjoying a visit from her mother, Mrs. J. W. Hickman, and sister, Miss Agnes Hickman, who arrived Tuesday. The ladies are moving from their old home in Denver to Portland,Oregon, where they will go after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

Wanted, to rent with option to buy, a good farm with buildings, stock, implements, etc; soil must be good, Dungeness or Sequim property preferred. State particulars and terms. Answer thru this paper. 2t

Mrs. J J.MacKechnie left for Seattle Wednesday to represent the local union of the W.C.T.U. in an executive session of the State board,which body was in session in that city yesterday and today.

P. B. Chambers returned Tuesday from a trip to Seattle whithe he was called by the serious illness of his daughter Frankie. We are pleas- to report she has greatly improved.

What is left of our stock of groceries can be bought for one-half the price we have paid for it. It will go in a few days, so hurry up.

Mr. Abbott of the Merchants Hotel has rented the Shaver cottage on 2nd street for his family to occupy for the summer.

Gray's creditors are selling everything for one-half invoice price. Look in the store and pick out what you want.

A good team of horses with wagon and harness for a song. If the security is good you can by it for credit. See Gray's.

A good team of horses, harness and wagon to be sold for cash or credit. Apply to W.W.Gray.

For everything in the line of farm implements and garden tools, see Christopherson & Leland.

Expert horse shoer at Morey's Blacksmith Shop, First and Oak streets, opposite City Hall.

For a dainty lunch, we have boned herring, clean, sweet and delicious. 15c. City Fish Market.

Go to Christopherson & Leland for the Vulcan stumping and blasting powder.

Mrs. Mary Hooker is here from British Columbia visiting her son James and family.

All the fixtures, tanks, scales at half price—must be sold. See Gray's grocery store.

Farmers and ranchers,go to Gray's and buy your supplies at half the cost price.

For a change try "Fish Flakes," eastern cod fish. 10 and 15cts. City Fish Market.

A ticket to the Show free with every pound of tea. See Stiles adv.

Al Filion was a business visitor to Seattle this week, going up Tuesday.

We are sorry to learn of the serious illness of Mrs. David Christopher.

Mrs. W. K Clark is again about after a ten days' illness.

Apprentice girls wanted for March 1st. Apply at Hat Shop.

Small ranch for sale, phone x80 tf

WHERE CAN YOU GET THEM? At H. Gutenberg's Hdw. and Furn. Store.

Bain Wagons, Buggies, Single and Double Harness. The Oliver Plows are the best. Disc Harrows, Springtooth and Spike-tooth Harrows. All kinds of Farm Implements. Everything in Garden Tools. The best kinds of Wire Fencing. Large stock and low prices.

H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

Last Thursday's Seattle papers announced the marriage of Dr. Cora Smith Eaton and Judson King, a lecturer of national fame. Dr. Eaton has made several trips to Angeles both as a mountaineer and to visit friends. She is an enthusiast over the granduer of our mountain scenery and flowers, and is using her influence to have the Mountaineers make another trip into the Olympics Both Mr. King and his gifted bride are nationally prominent in progressive legislative work. Mrs. King was one of the leaders in the successful fight for equal suffrage in the state, and Mr. King, by profession a journalist and magazine writer, is now field lecturer for the National Referendum League. They will make their home in Seattle.

The Commercial Club has invited the Women's Auxiliary to meet with them next Wednesday evening for the purpose of taking over the Rose Carnival with the idea of making it a special feature of our Fourth of July celebration. Everyone interested is earnestly requested to attend this meeting. A number of other interesting matters will be discussed.

Major R. R. Harding was granted a decree of divorce last Friday from Mrs. Harding, and was given the custody of his personal effects.

Al. Fairservice of Clallam Bay spent the early week in the city, returning home on Tuesday.

Mr. Aldwell's mother, Mrs. Blake, is able to be around again after her accident of several weeks ago.

Miss Leah Myers returned Tuesday from a week's visit in Seattle with Helen Trumbull.

David Govan was an up sound passenger on Wednesday's boat.

BLUE MOUNTAIN

The mail service in many of the rural districts beats that of the Whatcom for uncertainty, consequently your correspondent failed to catch the man that went to town, and following items were delayed.

Sunday was reception day at the Elves home as neighbors were anxious to see Miss Grace, who had returned the day before, and to congratulate her on her recovery.

Fred Elves has been quite a sick boy but is now convalescent.

Word was received from Angeles that Mrs. Braurer, who is still at the hospital, is better. Later, we hear that Mrs. Braurer is the proud mother of a little daughter.

Mrs. Grant Critchfield and Elmer, and Mrs. McMillen spent a few days with their mother, Mrs. H. C. Breckenridge, and other relatives.

Chas. Lewis entertained the young folks very pleasantly last Saturday evening.

Alfred Stevenson of Elwha paid a flying visit to Blue Mountain friends last Sunday.

Nat and Frank Broughton are working at the Elwha mill.

Mr. and Mrs. Hemmel and Mamie of Sequim were Sunday callers in our neighborhood.

The first Saturday in March is drawing near; let every thoughtful person study the needs of the children in "hiser" district and vote for the good of the coming American citizen, if not for the good of your neighbor's children.

The Fitzgerald Market

Opposite Hotel Angeles.

The Old Reliable Market

Good meats, low prices, square dealing. Your patronage solicited.

James Fitzgerald

Mrs. M E. Troy

Instructions in China Decorations and Water Colors and Oil. Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

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Front St. near Johnson & Bork

Teacher of Voice

Sadie N. Robertson

Phone 179.

A BIG NEW LINE OF STATIONERY

The Nailor Drug Store

"The Quality Store."

M. H. Nailor, Proprietor. Phone 41

Get a Free Ticket to the Show

We are Overstocked with Teas

and for a limited time will give a ticket to the Star Theater, or your choice of any ten cent article in our store,

with every cash purchase of one pound of our 50c teas

The teas are a fine quality of Uncolored Japan, English Breakfast, and Gunpowder. We order the tea before it is shipped from Japan and the goods are shipped directly to us on their arrival in San Francisco. The stock is fresh and as good as can be bought for the money.

F. A. STILES = = Phone 38

SAVING MONEY

Perhaps more than any other known virtue, develops character.

The boy having once formed the habit of saving finds it so attractive that when a man he saves naturally.

Try having a bank account and see what opportunities come your way.

$1 will make the start at this bank.

Bank of Clallam County

Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.

P. J. WILLIAMS

The Old Reliable JEWELER

Watch Repairing a Specialty

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"MILWAUKEE"

The ONLY ROAD operating ALL STEEL TRAINS between Chicago and the Pacific Northwest.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES

Also, IF YOU ARE GOING EAST, secure your tickets at the

PORT ANGELES OFFICE

and have your baggage checked through to your destination.

TWO SOLID THROUGH TRAINS DAILY

Completely electric lighted, with new comfortable Tourist Cars in which the berths are longer, higher and wider than in similar cars on other roads. Excellent dining cars. Meals are served on the popular pay-for-only-what-you-order-plan.

For further information call on

JOHN CAIN, Agent.
VICTOR TALBOT, Asst. Agt.

Front and Laurel Sts., Port Angeles.

A. P. CHAPMAN, JR., Gen'l Agent Passenger Dept.
J. L. CRISWELL, City Ticket Agt., Second and Cherry, Seattle.

Workmen's Outfits

A complete line of Loggers' boots and shoes and heavy sox at prices that are right.

Ladies' Shoes

A splendid line of the best shoes on the market, both in heavy walking and dress shoes.

Boys and Girls School Shoes

Nothing better to be had for the money. Guaranteed brands.

We make a Specialty of our Repair Work.

JENSEN, the Shoe Man.

BUILDING OF ROAD NO LONGER IN DOUBT

Splendid Work By Committees Almost Completed. Things All Right at Other End.

Mr. Geo. W. Morrow met with the right-of-way and finance committees in the Commercial rooms Wednesday afternoon, and commended highly the work already done. He urged that all speed possible be made in getting the balance of the right of way so that work can proceed, for if we are to have construction work this year there is no time to lose. There are certain lands that must be condemned. This will take time and the sooner the work is started the better. He can get the money in fifteen or twenty days if right of way is assured. This road, he said, is going to help everybody in the county, and everyone should assist in getting this right of way. There is no doubt but that we are going to build this road. Get things in shape at this end and you will find they are all right at the other end.

Mr. Morrow explained to the committee that the right of way must be 100 feet in width. This is not going to be a logging road, he said, but a road you will be proud of, and that there will be more of later. The notes as drawn up are satisfactory, but there should be no scratching. We stand ready to advance the money on these notes for the securing of the right of way where condemnation or other process is necessary, but little condemnation is necessary. The great benefit to all will more than offset any damages, and the people should understand this. Where it is shown that the road crossing a man's land is more damaging than the benefits, he should be reimbursed. Before any money is advanced on the notes, however, they will have to be passed upon by your bankers, so that we will know that when we do our part we will be safe. We will make the notes good by building the roads as agreed. A simple statement of the amounts and standing of the notes will be required and notes may stay in custody of banks here. If more money raised than is needed to buy right of way and terminals, each will be credited on the note per rata.

LIBRARY MASS MEETING

Show Your Public Spirit by Attending Meeting at Opera House Friday Evening, March 1st.

A Mass Meeting in the interest of a public library will be held in the opera house Friday e ening, March 21st, under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary and the Commercial Club. The Commercial Club at their regular meeting Wednesday night, granted to the Auxiliary the use of their club room for a library building.

Over two hundred volumes of books have already been donated and many more promised for the library. At the mass meeting a good musical and literary program will be given and short speeches made by a number of our prominent citizens after which anyone who desires is privileged to speak. No charges will be made and no collection taken but everyone who can is requested to bring a book, either new or old, or as many as they like, to help swell the library, and we would be glad to have the name of the donator written in the book.

Show your public spirit by attending this meeting.

NOTICE

We carry a full line of fancy and staple groceries, also a full line of

Scandinavian and German Specialties, such as

Rye Bread
Goat Cheese
Scorpor
Gammel ost
Imported Smoked Norway Herrings
Imported Salted Norway Herrings
Imported Stock Fish
Zweiback
Macaroni Noodles
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Also a full line of Flour, Feed, Alfalfa Hay, grass seeds, vegetable seeds, flower seeds, seed oats and seed wheat. Give us a trial; you will find that our prices are right.

GATE CITY GROCERY CO.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE GOAT TRUST

Real Issue in Coming Campaign is Reorganization of Party to Eliminate the Goats.

Saturday Evening Post.

Speaking capra-hircusly, the real Goat Trust of this country is the Republican party. That organization, as at present constituted, has gathered all the goats into its fold, holds a monopoly on them, and will be subject to investigation for the same during the campaign that is coming, and to sentence on election day, for its contravention of the traditional right of all political parties to harbor an equitable number of goats.

Utterly regardless of custom, precedent, strategy and time-tried political acumen, the Republican party has gathered to itself all the political goats. It has created a monopoly of them, has flaunted its possessions in the face of an outraged people, and is now face to face with the inevitable moment when the public in the guise of investigators, shall demand an accounting for these goats and shall press for a reason for this eager conspiracy to deprive other parties of their share of the goats.

The Goat Trust! Not since Mr. Taft became president has the Republican party overlooked an opportunity to annex a political goat. Not a goat, straying down the halls of Congress, or through the executive departments, or in any field of policy, or issue or diplomacy, but has been herded promptly into the Republican corral and branded G. O. P. None has escaped. Every goat that shook his horns or waved his whiskers anywhere has been gathered in. The republicans have them all—a Goat Trust for fair.

That megatherium goat, the Payne-Aldrich Tariff law, is the exclusive property of the Republicans. They took it as a kid, fed it and nourished it and brought it to its complete goaty powers, and then drove it up to the White House and presented it to the President. He, not being wise as to the goats, received it and gave it the official brand. Ever since that goat has been butting over Republicans, butting over majorities, and finally it became so rambunctous that it butted over the House of Representatives and butted the Democrats into power. Nor is its power as a butter decreased. It is still has a but or two left for use in the future.

Another goat that was flocking by itself and could have been kept out of the fold was the Ballinger-Pinchot goat. That was a measly little goat that deserved no consideration, but the President had to have it. So he got it—and he has it yet. Instead of shooing this goat off the premises by discharging both Ballinger and Pinchot instantly, the President only half shooed it off by letting Pinchot go, and thereby allowing Ballinger to grow into the enormous goat he finally became. And the goat is still there, frisking thru the party lines and raising hob generally.

He seemed set on getting all the goats, the President did. When the mania for collecting—even goat collecting—hits a man there is no way of heading him off. "Ah," said the President one day, "here is a specimen of goat we haven't in our fold. I must have that one." So he acquired the Reciprocity goat for the party, and that goat is still eating Republican hay and Republican tin cans and Republican wood pulp, and the Republican farmers are standing around and waiting for a chance to show what they think of this particular specimen—which chance they will have next fall. Of course it wasn't necessary for the party to have this goat, but when the spirit of monopoly gets in the blood there is no eradicating it. Reciprocity seemed such a sleek and harmless goat, but it turned into a holy terror, and now exhibits every trait of the most malignant of political goats that exceedingly extensive species affords.

Meantime quite a flock of tariff goats appeared and were promptly acquired. There was

Continued on page 6.

THE HIGH SCHOOL'S ANNUAL "TUM-TUM"

Students Ask and Will Have Support of Patrons of School and Merchants in Their Undertaking.

The students of the Port Angeles High school are now busy at work on the "Tum-Tum," the High school annual which they expect to put out May 15th. This publication, one of the greatest undertakings ever attempted by the local High school, was started two years ago and was at that time a literary success as well as a means of advertising the school and town, but was not entirely a financial success. This partial failure on the financial side may have been due partly to inexperience on the part of the management but no doubt chiefly due to lack of support from the town. An attempt will be made this year to place the Annual on a self-supporting basis and it rests with the people of the town whether that can be done or not. It goes without saying that without the support of the patrons of the school and the business men of the town the High school could not publish an Annual that would be a credit to the school and to Port Angeles. We want to publish an Annual that will be a credit to the school and to do that we must have the support of the people. The management is about to start a campaign to raise the necessary funds. Some member of the "Tum-Tum" staff will call on you in a few days to ask you to buy a certain amount of advertising space or a certain number of copies of the Annual. To insure success for the undertaking you should take as many of the books as you, your family and out of town friends can possibly use. We hope and expect to have the Annual appear in such a form that it will be a proof of the fact that we have here a live community and a live High school able to send out a publication equal to those published by the best High schools in the state. And we shall ask each business man to buy as much advertising space as the size of his business will permit. The money thus spent will be used for a double purpose—that of advertising your business directly and that of supporting literary work in the High schools and give the student some practical business experience. The latter is more important than it may seem at first thought. One of the criticisms of the High schools of the present time is that they are not practical enough and that graduates have to go to college or out into the business world to get experience. We believe that such work as the publication of of the Annual tends to emphasize the practical side of the High school life and we would respectfully ask each and every one to support the students in this effort as much as his or her interest will permit. Anyone desiring to know more about this project may apply to any High school teacher or any one of the Tum-Tum staff.

James Lotzgesell,
Business Manager.

The Aberdeen Chamber of Commerce has taken up the matter of the farming of vacant lots of the city, by citizens during the summer time. It is pointed out that these lots are of no value from a productive standpoint except to raise weeds, and the chamber seeks to list the lots and get permission from the owners to allow men of families to farm. Such a move in Angeles would mean much toward the improvement and beauty of the residential sections throughout the city, but the first move would of necessity be the restraining of the cows from running at large. This plan of farming vacant lots is not a new one, it has been worked out successfully at Detroit, where Governor Pingree of Michigan started the movement.

Don't overlook those cream wafers at Eckleys.

Rose Comb Rhode Island

Reds. Choice selected stock.
Eggs 1.50 per setting.
Rick wood and bark for sale also. Phone L 110.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Economizes Butter, Flour, Eggs; makes the food more appetizing and wholesome

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

MAKING GOOD CITIZENS OUT OF CONVICTS

Gov. West of Oregon is doing more to protect society from crime than all the jails and prisons in America. Will Mack, serving a life sentence for murder in the Oregon state penitentiary, has been paroled a second time and will leave soon for Tacoma, where his family resides.

Mack is the convict who was allowed to leave the penitentiary by Gov. West early in 1910 and work to pay off a mortgage on his aged father-in-law's home at Spokane. He gave his word that he would return in seven months and resume stripes for life. True to his promise, Mack lifted the mortgage, earned a few dollars for his wife and baby and returned.

Gov. West studied the case carefully and finally determined to parole Mack again, this time without any promise to return on a given date, but on just a promise to be a good man.

We need more governors like West. This is only one instance of his grand work in prison reformation. However the business interests of Oregon regard Gov. West's administration, Oregon can well afford to keep a man on the job awhile who can open the doors of the penitentiary and make good citizens out of convicts. He may make mistakes in business judgment but he must be a just man.—Exchange.

Two new dwelling houses are now under construction in Stanley Stone's addition. Ardist Priest is building one and Arthur Drake the other. Mr. Hoskins is getting ready to build a house there also.—Dungeness correspondence Sequim Press.

Postponed on Account of Illness,

Kate Richards O'Hara

LECTURE

Watch this papor for announcement of date.

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Real Estate

Town Lots a Specialty

Property listed for sale on the commission plan, or will trade or exchange. Look over our list of desirable residence property.

Office next door to Post Office, Port Angeles

There is room for improvement, to be sure, but

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